महां डवंना | जवाँ तरंग
VOLUME -IV ISSUE-IV 2016-17

## dAWAN TARANG



## DEPARTMENI OF YOUIH WELIFARE PANJAB UNIVERSIIY CHANDIGARH

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## PANJAB UNIVERSITY ANTHEM

तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय:
तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय:
तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय:
तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय:
पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय
तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे
मन में तेरा आदर मान
और मोहब्बत सदा रहे
पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय
तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे
तू है अपना भविष्य विधाता
पंख बिना परवाज़ सिखाता जीवन पुस्तक रोज़ पढ़ा कर सही ग़लत की समझ बढ़ाता जीवन पुस्तक रोज़ पढ़ा कर सही ग़लत की समझ बढ़ाता तेरी जय का शंरव बजायें रौशन तारे बन जायें
वखवरी तेरी शोहरत
तेरी शोहरत सदा सदा रहे पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय:
तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय:

Tamso ma jyotirgamaya
Tamso ma jyotirgamaya
Tamso ma jyotirgamaya
Tamso ma jyotirgamaya
Panjab vishaw vidyalaya
Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe
Mann mein tera aadar maan
Aur mohabbat sada rahe
Panjab vishaw vidyalaya
Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe Tu hai apna bhavishya vidhata

Pankh bina parwaaz sikhata Jeevan pustak roz padha kar Sahi galat ki samajh badhata Jeevan pustak roz padha kar Sahi galat ki samajh badhata Teri jai ka shankh bajayein Roshan tare ban jaayein

Vakhari teri shohrat
Teri shohrat sada sada rahe
Panjab vishaw vidyalaya
Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe
Panjab vishaw vidyalaya Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe

Tamso ma jyotirgamaya
Tamso ma jyotirgamaya

## PANJAB UNIVERSITY

Ensconced in the verdurous lap of the Shivalik foothills, Panjab University (PU), one of the oldest and most prestigious Universities in India, now situated in Chandigarh, the city beautiful, was established at Lahore in 1882. In consonance with the Upanishadic vision of 'Asado Ma sadgamaya/Tamso Ma Jyotirgamaya' (Lead me from untruth to truth/Lead me from darkness to light), it has a long tradition of pursuing excellence in teaching and research in science and technology, humanities, social sciences, performing arts and sports-leading to a true swaraj (self-rule) of ideas, knowledge and action.

The University nurtures noble ideas, creativity and innovation in its wide-ranging academic programmes covering different fields of knowledge and scholarship. The University is committed to attract and support the best students and faculty, who excel at learning, teaching and research. Panjab University with its campus at Chandigarh and nearly two hundred colleges in Punjab State and Chandigarh U. T. has long been serving the cause of higher education and addressing the various socio-civilisational needs and aspirations with distinction. The glorious 'parampara' (tradition/s) of the University established during the period of more than 136 years ago, is a source of perpetual inspiration for the present generation of faculty members and students. By virtue of its history, experience, achievements and philosophy, the University has carved a niche for itself as a premiere centre of learning and research both at national and international levels drawing students from all over the country and different parts of the globe in accordance with the Indian vision of 'lokasamgraha' (the welfare of the world). Its faculty includes some of the most distinguished scientists and academicians. Over the years, the reputation of the University has grown as an institution making significant advancements in innovative teaching, research and community outreach.

- NAAC Accredited A-Grade University with a score of 3.35 out of 4 in the year 2015.
- Ranked number one amongst Universities in India and Ranked 363 in the Thomson Reuters-powered Best Global Universities Raking 2016 by US News and Global Report.
- Ranked 38 in Asia Times Higher Education Asian University Ranking, 2015 and Ranked in the bracket 111-120 in the year 2016.
- Ranked in the bracket 501-600 internationally in the Times Higher Education World University Rankings, 2015-16.
- QS Asian Universities Ranking in the bracket 201-250 for the year 2015-16.
- NIRF 2016: Ranked 12th among the Indian Educational Institutes, 2nd among the Universities.
- Best University Campus Award- 2016 by ASSOCHAM. Earlier, it was awarded Best Government University in India Award- 2014 by ASSOCHAM.


## Zice Chancellor

鲃anjab Tmiversity Cyandigary


## MASSAGM

The Anthem of Panjab University begins with "Tamso ma Jyotirgamaya" that means "take me into light from darkness". The University is spreading light in the lives of innumerable students by following this slogan. This light of education fills the head and heart of students with new thoughts and creative innovation which help them to be better citizens. It also helps in the upliftment of society and encourages nation-building. Panjab University promises the overall development of students. Whereas the motive of the University is to develop intellect and create an interest in co-curricular activities, the Youth Welfare Department is continuously working towards its plan to conduct activities related to literature, culture and Heritage skills. These activities fill the youth with enthusiasm and zeal makes them capable to recognize the power within. In every academic session, thousands of students achieve their goals and create their unique identity in society through participation in the Youth Festivals organized by Youth Welfare Department.

The annual magazine of the Youth Welfare Department "Jawan Taran" is also a part of the effort that encourages the Cultural interest of the students and works as a platform for new young writers. Whenever any youngster delivers his/her words on paper he/she has a firm wish that his/her thoughts should not remain restricted to the self alone, but he/she wants his/her thoughts to be published in any magazine so that other readers also come to know about his/her thoughts. "Jawan Tarang" gives wing to the thoughts of new writers and authors. I can say with confidence that the thoughts expressed by young writers will be helpful in giving direction to the nation. I congratulate the writers whose creative writings are included in "Jawan Tarang". I wish good luck to the Youth Welfare Department for their future creative activities.

A lot of best wishes for the publication of the new edition of "Jawan Tarang".

Arun K Grover



## Zanjab Thniwersity

Chandigary


## MISSAGM

I am delighted to learn that Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh is to publish the new issue of its Annual Magazine 'Jawan Tarang' for the session 2016-17.

I am sure that the Annual Magazine will provide a vibrant platform for students to express their emotions, feelings, thoughts and ideas.

I send my best wishes to the authors and editors for their collective efforts to bring out this issue of 'Jawan Tarang'

抿anjab Thniwersity Chandigary


## MASSAGM

It gives me immense pleasure to note that the Department of Youth welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh, is publishing its Annual Magazine 'Jawan Tarang' for the session 2016-2017.

It is indeed very satisfying to observe that literary contributions of students from affiliated collages, constituent colleges and departments of the university will be published in this magazine. I am of the firm opinion that the students' community should get adequate opportunity to showcase their talent in creative writing. Such platforms facilitate in developing their overall personality.

I am sanguine that this Magazine would provide an opportunity to the students to express their imagination, views and future aspirations.

I wish the Annual Magazine publication a grand success.

Zanjab Tmiwersity Chandigary


## MASSAGM

I express my heartiest good wishes to the Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh for publishing the new issue of its annual magazine 'Jawan Tarang' for the session 2016-17. The platform is given to the youth in the form of this magazine to express their emotions, feelings, thoughts and ideas. I am sure this will help in achieving the target of churning out the latent writing talent of the students which bears immense potentiality of sharpening their communication skill as a part of their over all personality development. This endeavour of the Department of Youth Welfare will go a long way in awakening the Society.

I further congratulate the Director, faculty and students for bringing out such a resourceful Magazine.

## Than Guident welfare

## Zanjab Tmiwersity

Cyandigary


## MASSAGM

I am pleased to know that department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh is going to publish the new issue of its annual magazine 'Jawn Tarang' for the session 2016-17. The Magazine is the best platform for the budding students of affiliated/constituent colleges/departments of the University to express their emotions, feelings, thoughts and ideas. I hope it will prove the most excellent stage for youth to articulate their feelings, opinion and dreams.

I appreciate the pivotal role of Director Youth Welfare for this publication. This endeavour of his will not only help in strengthening the identity of students but will also provide unseen opportunities to their fellow students to express views close to their hearts in the form of writings. This wonderful and encouraging endeavour must by nurtured and grown in full bloom to serve as flag bearer for futures generation.

I wish the annual magazine 'Jawan Tarang' an immense success.


Emanual Nahar


## मंटेम














## मंयाट्री
















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\begin{aligned}
& \text { ठगिट्टी घठिट्टी मन्टी ठॅध, भैयठ छुँच दिचाठ मटा। }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { गर्तिरठ याल वें }
\end{aligned}
$$

घग़ा घग





 मिवसे भमीं भुणंभर घ?़स्रा विछिं थठटाण ठ जग्वं ॥ मटा रठीं भुठठाम्टीभां घठिटां मटा रीीं मठ यग्टी मरा ठा मॅप्टीभां मीम ठांटग्दट मटा ठा मुठश़ी लंटी
 ल थठीउ भुग्रुभट जिम घीं नॅठा दिष ठठे वग्टी॥

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## 21हीं मटी さे उग्ठउ लप्टी














उा. ग्ठथाल्ट fिभய डॅटी
घे. भैम. वालक्ल, घ́ठा

दिम्नद्य
भहगीड वृं
यी. सी. ठोर्गभिट वएलक्त ढाठ ठाठलक्ष मैवटठ 11 , छేठीटान्र












 ठगों वठ मवसा?




















 Вिगठां टा उतनम या मरंगो।





## 












## नम्नल भीठीभा

## हहगीड वंठ

















हिम एप्टी राग मरसे गं वि :








Вियठवउ गॉल घिल








मेम्लू भीइीभा टी टठउं ठ


पित टिन्ठ घिल









 उपग्णननांटाテै।"

# उवठיलन्ती ज़ॅठा 'च थैक्षए्घी डम्ना सा उद्धॅध 

घलानिएट वैठ
ती. टी. घी. वालक्त ढा्ठ टिभैठ, सम्न










































 टी भमष ख़्तमी डे ग्रफ्म नै।

भम्ध उवठमलन्ती से ज़ॅठा గ़्玉 भयट्प्टीपे,



## Еग्राठ घेटी














 लॅगी मी वि छिग्टी भां सी क्रॅप्व तिवळ'गी।



"भां टिर विम सा मभाठ हे .....।"





"री Јटिभा भां उै










टेमे लप्टी वरिठी भां पीपे सिंतां उैसें पन्न ग̃सा स्वस यन्न लिभr वठ ......।"









 वृम्न घंट वठ उा"






"ठीड्ड, री चटिभr ड़ि ठीव पें .....?"
"丁, भां .....।" ठीड्ड सीभां भॅ६ां उठ भाप्टीभां।
"वी Јटिभr पॅषे, ड़ भि



























## यविद्गण-स्टॅव मुयठा

## उन्यी़ वैं

 बटां, फ़यिभा्टा



 छैपर टे४ट लॉवा।
 Eा"



 दॉल्ल ता गीच विभाएे।"

"भُभी ! वठ उां विग मी में रैн, उठ विदें वठं $\qquad$ ?"














 भउा-यउा U్Шिभिए।



[^0]
## सेग घीसे मि ्रटटे


 ब्र दी प्रॅЕट टा गीभां ठा वर मरी।







 वे
 fिभा मी। टीर














 वग्गरे मिठ डे लैभ्यी














 घिக









ठा....户े छिठ.....ठां टी दी....fि.....गी मि ...हा मी।





$4 \mathrm{FO}(\mathrm{OO} \mathrm{O}$

## भाठ्तदी विम्नउे

## युज़ंड वँठ







 ठॅले टे ग्रमत सीभां मि.ढउां वठरे।










 घठीउ वठटा।
 हेठ ठॅस्स दॅल देध वे Јॅम इॅइसा।
 नहांती मउ हुं भापटे दॅल भावर्ठम्निड वठटी मी।

 सागाठ डे वॅस्सी दी घेमुठउन नापे।








 उटीं वाप्टी।










 चीव वठीभां नी।



 हिम टाभन्नाव हैठ गठे चट।


"भण्ग री ! हीमना विषिं मुटट सिॅउा ?"





## घ์स्तठ-ヶं

गाठतनँउ वृठ

































 टपीपे?"








 ठगीं मी तिॅ वल्ल वगी। गठ वप्टी चैठग्र ..... घणु चैठיठ।
















$$
\therefore \mathrm{F}_{6} \mathrm{O} 0 \mathrm{~A}_{3}
$$

छटटी मां उां इठ नांट्टी मी, गठेगीभां, वా्लोभां वग्उां उं, इठटी ब्रु-य्येउां द्टा्मीभां,
 इगटी मां वि ढ़ाभ रा नाग्टां, भां टी छिंगाल ढइटी मी, गॉलां मुट वे Єैमउां टीभां, मिं पिॅॅलां ऊं दी उग्टी मी। भॅस में घंन्री दॅठी च वाटी, यठ ‘इठ’ टी वठचै यठेम्नग्र, यागएां उां छीक्ञां इठग्छिंटीभां मी,
 सरें लड्ड, चीवं ठाट्ल उटिभा,
 उठटी उठटी वठटी गं मै,
 इठ एॅठाहा सर भेठे uठ ठेసे, संभटी विमे से घॅची जै,
पिॅव विलवग्गी, हिठ छुॅ महा लपी, गुटी टिठ वग्टी मॅनी नै।
 हिं दी भेठी वर्टी गुटी कैट, से डे़्ञाप्व टी भाठ मगिंटीभां, हिठ टिम उठ लपी ग्ट वी वरिट।

दिव चिइी गुट री वठे, गठ थमे विाठशं टी उाव, टेध वे घेषम fिही त्रे, वठ सांटी नै Өिम '亏े द्वा । उठ लॅवारा ग्रट भार्याट्भां दिँच दी,
 विम दॅल गॅप द्याट्टां गुट मैं, उठ लॉवाता पितमएठां ₹ल।

 षंडां ऊँ चॅव वे थॅघठ,
 ड़ घटठा चै भप्टी उाठा, ड़्र शंमी टी गम्टी घटठा, उठ ऊँ भुवउ वठ'्छिट दाल्टी,
 Јॅषां दिँ गॅष ढइरे,
 भाजटे Јॅव मदैभग्万 ळपी,
 घटवे ढिठ मै तिउठ थवी, भंघटां उं दी छुँंड काट्टा नै, मेठी गठ छैट, गठ मम्घट 유,


## Өिछीव

रहे रसे
वएलीभां-घমीभां ठग्डां टिॅछ, मिदे ली प्रधली भॅठ, भथटा छाठट लॉ ठाही हे। वसे
यथीचे टी यिभाग्म हाठां, मींग से या्टी గ్ గ़ उंथटा, щ्थिमटा गं मै,
पॅउइइ ప్రॅडे भुठई ఫ్वॅ पॅडे हांग, डेठे भिल्या कप्टी, चुग्णे 'च । यिदले परिठ గ్ గ్

 सिटे वप्टी

यहुता लँचता Јेदे ।
डे उवरי्लां ढलट मठाँं, वुशेट्रिभां उठे सित पाभस भाप्टी गत्ड గ़ सिडे भॅघे
भापटे टठं हा बृठा घलूटा गं।
मस्सैटव विठग्ठे दैठ
भग्मां टी वलभ से, भfग्मग्मां टे वग्वाक्तु छैंडे

गाने प्र्यातभां दूँ भापटोभां भॅघां दिढा वे, मेठी भगिघ्घ
घडी घेमघठी ठाल उैగ్
मिठ.
ग्रां टा निॅउठ घट'ण्ठिट लप्टी।

## क्टगड सी पीइ्र

भगम्नीय


गठ.ढ मेंे ठ'्रर्गिष्ल च नापे, ठा वठ मरसे घिभाग।

ॅॅघठ टे ग़ट प्रॅउ च नाष्टे, वगिं्े चैंे सामउा
 चीव मृटे पॅम टगटां टी।

गठ. लॅउसे छ्रवभग्ठ सिण वेपी, ने वम्ट ठॅчे गठ भठक्षां टी। भायटे तठभे भीमां Јॅषे, छै सइी ब्रटठउ दिधागी।
 ग्रण भनगवरं मिठा किस्वाने।
 ठीव इरतिभां से मुग्टटे। वल-वल्ल वठवे दीगिटे क्षांटे, भठग् घाटी वान्दटे। भग्मूभ ठज़्ञां कंले थैढी,
 उँले-बाल्टे नंड्इ मॅडे, टेष वे चइ्रत ध़्रभग्गीभां।
 テॅट भर्मवां टी लाप्टी। घिम Јॅट ऊं मँचा घॅटट, मी प्षळवउ मग्ठी भाप्टी।
 नट ঋ्थिउ च्रवप्पी वस्लीभां टी। मेठी संतउ पिॅघे द्मटी, लंड्म रा मदवगी गाल्लीभां ही।
 उँंते घंजां याट्टट।

घाउउं था-था पिभाग्ठीभां, मैवा प्रवायीभां है नाट्टट। भंसठं मैली घागठं नेगटी, क़ाग मठुॅध ही भाएप्टी।
 ड्रीभां तंतउ निनी हमएप्टी।


 टठदेपां हा फूल दॅट वे।

हैमहीभां से ल्लाक्ष भागे, भां टी वॅध छैनाइ्री। ब्रटउड ठाल्ल भैठ टीभां उंटां, नांट्रा टे मउ माइ्री। भां घित fि़िटठी ठीठम गِंटी,
 ं टावभां टे लंड से भगे, वَध भां टी ह्रठी चलाट्टे। घेम्नठभां दे म्नठभ रा भाप्टी,
 चिडा वाल़ भठभग्ठां टी, दिव दी भॅषठ्ठ रा भाष्मिभा। उेटे ठ吕 उिटवर चंगा, छूपटे पाठ लठाग्टे।

भाज निस्थिए थठ मठत रा
गोट ब्रटगउ टी गैहाहां।
मित्सहा वठरा वठटा मैं, घुवल टिँ मैं नांद्यां।

## टेम्न से ஈहाठ-भुलव टी पनिचल्ट


ठगभ से वे छिम ठॅष्व सा, वठीषे वंभ वेपी मग्र।

> भग्छ यगिलां भग्थम छ, टेवडा घटाप्टीपे।

पीठथा डे ठ.ढठउ, ऐोमन चं उसाप्टीपे।
ख्रमी़ डे भगिवं, हंउटा मिधण्टीपे।
मड ₹ं सुत्रो, धंगो घटीप्टे पितमए।
ठगभ ले वे छिम ठॅष सा, वठीपे वैभ वप्टी मग्र।




टेम़ से उट्ठॅध टॅल, टेप्टीपे यिभाग्ठ।

जग्ट वठ लप्टी पे, मुगीां टे प्रम्व గ्= ।


टिउिग्म टी ठहीं वप्टी, मिठन्नीपे विउाप्य గ्ञ

ठग्भ ले वे हिम ठॅघ टा, वठीपे वंभ वप्टी भग्ठ।

विठउ वठ, हंउ हरे, निगठां टा भालेग़।
ॅॅव डे मषम्टी ट्राला, छुट लप्टीपे गण्ग।
लइ़्पी डे इताइे सा, फागीपे गालं ढग्ण।
भग्टी संत्टी यी टी, घछा लप्टीपे क्ना



निम उतुए टीठ, जये पटे माइी म़ा
भमीं ही टयम्टीपे, सेम़ट्गीभां टाभाट।
विछिंनि, भमीं गं भण्थटे भुल सी यगिण्ट।


मंचटी प्टॅवष्टी वैठी,
 निएपे चग्व-चुहेटे मी, भर्गव गी भरिव, भाथम 'च fिभाग मी।
स्थमीमीभां हा षेइ़ मी,
विम्नाउभां 'उ र्माठव नी।
यठ भॅस विपे विभा छिठ fिभाठ पविट्राठ ?
विॅपे गाट्टी छिठ श्रांडी ?

 सिॅपे
 संगा लूरां टे घुठे भा धन्ही चै, ने लूरागटी चै, उठ'्छिंटी चै।
 रचिलां
मउ भाथम 'उ ज़्रमीभां दृउसे मी,


भॅस

हिठ बि़्रिटान्चग्ठी, वाठीषी, उे घेप्टीभग्ठी, डे ठमिभां टे चैठा सा धाया, पिड छिठ पगिद्टग रणीं



 यनिएां मउ वाल़-fिल वे द्याप्टीभां fिंसे मी, ॠॅस
काप्टी-काप्टी सा गाल़ा हॅॅ विग नै।

भॅस मउ भाथम 'उ लइ ठठे गं।

भॅल मब ‘पठभ’ ठां टे म्षমर 'च, दंछे, गं।

हैम सा विभात गठ थामे हैंडसा,
 $\qquad$ . 1
 टटे-टटे वठ टिॅे।
मैठ-मेठ च वगी भां, ब्रठळा वगी भां,

पिॅ भा़ाल्ल ढहीपे, सिभाग टी भरिव दंडीपे, भमर-मांड्डी सी भरगव, யठ-யठ दंडीपे । घुशीभां नॅउां हु नठाप्टीपे।
 $\qquad$
मड मंश्र यठभ तिडाप्टीटे।
भगिव द्ला थािट्रग घटाप्टीये $\qquad$



यूम्नत : घवां उां भित्तषां दे मैं संध्र भान्टी  घे भर्टसिभा टिछठग

 "मॅगी ढ़ॅला" टे वठड्टंगा नैइ उग्ष

 टी भగभुग्टीपेटे काप्य
 "टिवर" थष्टि उॅप्ष टिँच छॅइ भाम्टी घे भट्टौभिभ fिछठग
 "टॅवर-मिटी" टे वठट्ट्रंगा नैइ काष्प

 ठी भగभुगट्टीटे बएप्ष



 "Бॅला-सीटवी" टे वठड्टंगान नॅइ काप्य

 ती मृभुगट्टीटे उप्य

 घे भहलिभा चिछठग
 "वंट्टे-घएल़्ले" टे वठड्टंठा नैइ काष्य

 टी भरभुगटीटे उाप्य



कैट: ङंभा मी दिगङा,
दे हिॅण वॅउसी दीठ,
भातं निस्टोटे
हे भंभा साप्टे ..
हीव: चॅर चठषा
ठों भैक्ता उग है कैटें,
वॉल्लां वठीपे
ठी मठ भाप्टीभां

भण्ेे ढॉउगो दीव
गाहीटें ग्रफ्ल वापे
दे ठृठा भनीठ $\qquad$
दीठः उत्र-सुल़ वे,
तीं भrयां यल़ ठाटे छैटे,
हेडे हा वठीपे
ठी यठभी भापे $\qquad$ . 1
कैटः ट्य विइवरं
दे उप्ये शिइवे हीठा,
चेडे भा वाटे
हे यठभी भापे . 1
दीव: डाप्ष उेगी र्ठू,
में थेवे ढॉठां छैटे.....,
चेडे ठा वठीपे
ती यठभी भाये .....।
कैटः दमरा यठ ठा,
दे मगठे भा वे
मएס्ठि भिलतीं
दे मगठे भा व
हीठः थेवे यठ सा,
ड़ं मिमा ढॉड से छेटे,
उิగ్ర్ fिळ
में मग्रोे भा वे $\qquad$ ..
छैट: दीठ भाप्टिभ,
ठीं चंत चर्चिभा मटीष,
ठाल्ले 千िइठो
ठीं भिघठों उाठे $\qquad$ . 1
थेमवग्ठी: ठग्मानुीभा गाठरूत्त वर्लन, हुयिभाव्व
fिॅटा स्रॅॅटा डेठ में वैठा टेतीं भां,
 वंठा दे एलग्ठीभा,
 थैत्न ब्रपटीपे उैट्टि में टे टेती भां, वृश भेठे मगठठे ऊैं भिठा दे,

भिठा दे लळग्वीभा, ब्र मेंे मगठे ऊँ भंठा दे।
 वर्ञ मेठी मॅम ऊं भिवा दे, मिठा दे लळग्ठीभा, ब़ मेठी मॅम ऊं भैठा दे ।
मिछिटे टी थैंठी भेठी मॅम से सिउी भा, वु मेंे नेठ ऊं भुठा दे,

भंठा दे लळग्ठीभां, वु मेठे सेठ ऊं भिठा दे।
 वए भंगे टेद्व उं भिठा दे, भैठा दे लळाठ्वीभा, वुश भेंे टेटठ ऊं भिठा दे । थंत्त $\underline{\sigma}$ भुणठं भेठे टेदठ से टिॅउीभां, ब्र मेठे भग्गीपे ऊं भंठा दे, मिठा दे लळग्ठीभा, बए मेठे भागीपे उं भिठा दे । ठीली ती ひँही मेंे भाग्डोटे से टिड़ी भा, गठठ ठा मेषं ब्रे भिवा दे, मंठा दे लळग्ठीभा, मिठाटा उां वठ उँठ मिठा दे । मिठा दे एल येस्सराठी: टेट मभात्त वएक्रन ढ़ा हिभिक,

## दोहे

आ साजन मोरे नयनन में, सो पलक ढाप तोहे दूँ। न मैं देखूँ और को, न तोहे देखन दूँ।। रैनी चढ़ी रसूल की, सो रंग मौला के हाथ। जिसके कपरे रंग दिए, सो धन धन वाके भाग।। गोरी सोवे सेज पर, मुख पर डारे केस। चल खुसरो घर आपने, सांझ भयी चहु देस।। खुसरो पाती प्रेम की, बिरला बाँचे कोय। वेद, कुरान, पोथी पढ़े, प्रेम बिना का होय।। खुसरो सरीर सराय है, क्यों सोवे सुख चैन। कूच नगारा सांस का, बाजत है दिन रैन।। खुसरो दरिया प्रेम का, उल्टी वा की धार। जो उतरा सो डूब गया, जो डूबा सो पार।। खुसरो बाजी प्रेम की, मैं खेलूँ पी के संग। जीत गयी तो पिया मोरे, हारी पी के संग।।

अमीर खुससो

# अनुक्रमणिका <br> हिन्दी अनुभाग 

| क्रमांक | रचना | रचयिता | कॉलेज का नाम | पृष्ठ |
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## युवा- शक्ति

युवा - पीढ़ी में अदम्य साहस और भरपूर उत्साह होता है। किसी भी राष्ट्र की शक्ति का अनुमान उस राष्ट्र की युवा-शक्ति से लगाया जा सकता है। स्वामी विवेकानन्द ने कहा था कि युवा ही राष्ट्र की वास्तविक शक्ति हैं। स्वामी विवेकानन्द ने देश के युवावर्ग को हमेशा बढ़ावा दिया। उनके विचार आज भी युवाओं के मन को प्रभावित करते है।

नया आधुनिक भारत बनाने के लिए युवा सोच की बहुत जरूरत है क्योंकि युवा वर्ग में अधिक जोश व एनर्जी होती है, जिससे वो अधिक लग्न के साथ काम कर पाएंगे। आज अधिकतर युवा भटक गया है, कई बार वह स्वार्थी हो जाता है, बस अपने में ही मस्त रहता है। माँ - बाप, परिवार के प्रति जिम्मेदारी समझते ही नहीं। युवा ही हैं जो परिवार का स्तम्भ होते हैं, जो उसे रवड़ा करते हैं, वे जिम्मेदार नहीं होंगे तो परिवार बिरवर जाएगा।

युवाओं को सामाजिक भी होना चाहिए। समाज हमारे लिए बनाया गया है, समाज की गतिविधियों में भाग लेना चाहिए। समाज के प्रति अपनी जिम्मेदारी को समझना चाहिए। लेकिन कभी समाज की बातों में आकर, गलत निर्णय नहीं लेना चाहिए। लोग क्या कहेंगे, समाज क्या कहेगा, यही सोचकर हम कई बार गलत निर्णय ले लेते हैं, जिससे नुकसान समाज का नही, आपका अपना ही होता है। युवा वर्ग अपनी जिम्मेदारी को समझेंगे तभी वे आगे भविष्य में अपने बच्चों को इसके बारे में बता सकेंगे। आज हमारे देश का अधिकतर युवा वर्ग पढ़ा लिखा है, इस बात का लाभ देश को भी मिलना चाहिए और देश को आगे बढ़ाने के लिए युवा वर्ग को रुलकर सामने आना चाहिए। हमारे देश के प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी युवा शक्ति को सबसे बड़ा मानते हैं।

# प्रधान मंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी जी के 'शब्दों में: <br> ''माना कि अंधेरा घना है <br> लेकिन दिया जलाना कब मना है" 

श्रीमती सुषमा मिगलानी गोबिन्दगढ़ पब्लिक कॉलेज, अलोड़, रवन्ना

## देशभक्ति

नैशनल इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ टेक्नीकल टीचर्स ट्रेनिंग एंड रिसर्च, सैक्टर-26, चण्ड़ीगढ़

मातृभूमि की सेवा में जो गर्व से जीवन लूटाते हैं, इस मिट्टी की मर्यादा में जो सूली पर चढ़ जाते हैं। राष्ट्र हित में कर्म करे जो, वो देशभक्त कहलाते हैं, उन वीरों के सम्मान में हम, बारम्बार मस्तक झुकाते हैं।
भारत देश, वीरों की वो भूमि है जिसका लोहा सदियों से पूरा विश्व मानता आया है । यह वो पवित्र धरा है जिसका वर्णन वेदों - पुराणों में भी आदिकाल से होता आया है और जिसके गौरव की कहानी यह काल-चक्र स्वयं लिखता रहा हैं राष्ट्र हित में अपना जीवन न्यौछावर करने वाले द्वापर युग और त्रेतायुग में भी हुए और आज कलयुग के प्रचंड रूप पर भी देशभक्ति कहीं न कहीं अपना प्रभुत्व जमाए हुए है और शायद यही वजह है विश्व पटल पर भारत की इस अमिट छवि की जो हर भारतवासी के सीने में एक आग की तरह जलती है और हर मस्तक पर गर्व बनकर झलकती है।

देशभक्ति की नींव पर सम्मान के साथ खड़ा हमारा यह देश चार नामों से जाना जाता है - हिन्दुस्तान, भारत, आर्यव्रत और इंण्डिया। हर नाम खुद में हमारी मातृभूमि की एक अलग परिभाषा प्रस्तुत करता है और अंतत: जो मूल मंत्र इस देश को जोड़े रखता है वो है - "अनेकता में एकता" । इतिहास गवाह है कि जब भी राष्ट्रिहित की बात आई है तो इस समाज के हर वर्ग ने कदम आगे बढ़ाए हैं और जब - जब भारत माँ के पवित्र आँचल पर शत्रु ने वार किया तो देशभक्तों ने इसे अपने खून से सींचा है ।

बलिदान दिया लाखों ने जब, तो आज़ाद हिन्द की नींव बनी,
जब एक हुए सब कदम-डगर, तो सोने की चिड़िया आज़ाद हुई ।
अपने लहु से वीरो ने यहाँ, सुनहरा इतिहास लिखा है,
देशभक्ति से प्रेरित होकर, सम्मान की इस भूमि को सींचा है ।
देशभक्ति - एक प्रेरणाः जिस देशभक्ति की हम गाथा गा रहे हैं, आखिर उसका रूप क्या है ? उसकी प्रबलता कौन सा आवरण ओढ़े हुए है ? इन सब प्रश्नों के उत्तर हमारे अपने ही ज़हन में भरे पड़े हैं। देशभक्ति तो वो भावना है जो शब्दों की सीमा से परे है, यह वह प्रेरणा है जो हमें जीवन का अर्थ समझाती है, जो हमें अपने राष्ट्र के साथ एकाकार होकर चलने का संदेश देती है। भारत माँ के सम्मान पर आँच आने पर भी जिन रगों में खून नहीं खौलता वहाँ तो सम्भवत: पानी ही बहता होगा। एक माँ वो होती है, जो हमें जन्म देती है और एक माँ यह है जिसके लिए हम जन्म लेते हैं। मानव रूप लेकर, धरा पर जीवन पाकर भी अगर हम देशभक्ति का अर्थ न समझ पाएँ अपने कर्मो को देश के उत्थान में न लगा पाएँ तो ऐसा जीवन तो व्यर्थ ही होगा।
देशभक्ति की भावना न कोई किताब सिखा सकती है, न कोई, इसकी व्याख्या कर सकता है; यह तो वह प्रेरणा है जो जन्म से लेकर मृत्यु तक एक देशभक्त का साए की तरह साथ निभाती है ताकि देश का मस्तक गर्व से खड़ा रहे।
इतिहास की नज़र से: आज अगर हम इतिहास के पन्नों को पलट कर देखें तो देशभक्ति अनेकों रूप लेकर उभरती नज़र आएगी। गुलामी का वो दर्दनाक मंज़र कौन भुला सकता है जिसने भारत माँ को तड़पने पर मजबूर कर दिया था। वो एक लम्बा सफर था जिसमें असहनीय पीड़ा भरी थी क्योंकि वो ऐसा दौर था जिसने भारत माँ के पवित्र आँचल पर दाग लगाने की कोशिश की । शत् शत् नमन है उन वीरों को जिन्होंने उस मुश्किल घड़ी में अपनी असीम देशभक्ति का परिचय दिया और प्रबलता के साथ हर मुश्किल का सामना किया । नारी जाति ने भी सशक्त होकर दुश्मनों का सामना किया था क्योंकि आज़ाद हिन्द के सपने से सबका जीवन जुड़ा था। हम आज भी झांसी की रानी लक्ष्मी बाई का नाम गर्व से लेते हैं जिन्होंने अपनी देशभक्ति का अपूर्व उदाहरण प्रस्तुत किया था। भारत को उन भेड़ियों से मुक्त करवाने के लिए न जाने कितने लोगों ने बलिदान दिया, कुछ के नाम इतिहास बने और कुछ मौन रहकर भारत माँ के चरणों में अपना जीवन न्यौछावर कर गए। देशभक्ति का विकराल रूप जब सामने आया तो अंतत: शत्रु समुह भी इस भूमि से भागता ही नज़र आया और सन् 1947 में एक बार फिर आज़ाद हिन्द का परचम लहराया।

आज की पीढ़ी: देशभक्ति हमारे रवन में है इस बात में कोई संशय नही है किन्तु यह दौर कुछ परिवर्तन का पैगाम सुनाता है । देश के लिए हर दिन अपने जान की बाज़ी लगाने वाले सपूत आज भी जन्म लेते हैं किन्तु कुछ दिलों में देशभक्ति की परिभाषा बदलती सी नज़र आती है।

परम्पराओं से सजी भारत की इस भूमि का
विश्व भी वन्दन करता है ।
जहाँ सभ्यता और संस्कृति का जन्म हुआ
उसे हर प्राणी आदि गुरू समझता है ।
लेकिन परिवर्तन की एक आँधी अब कोहराम मचाती है
मेरे देश की गरिमा अब मुझे थोड़ी असुरक्षित नज़र आती है।
आज हम इक्कीसवीं सदीं में है जहाँ मानव जीवन सुख सुविधाओं से भरा पड़ा है । विज्ञान ने इतनी तरक्की कर ली है कि विचार शक्ति से प्रेरित एक नया विश्व नज़र आता है । लेकिन उन्नति की इस दौड़ में मानवता और इन्सानियत कही गुम सी हो गई है । जीवन जीना बेहद आसान तो हो गया है लेकिन मानव जीवन के मूल्य अब कहीं गुम से हो गए हैं। विश्व को संस्कारों का पाठ पढ़ाने वाला यह देश आज पाश्चात्य सभ्यता का ऐसा शिकार हुआ नज़र आता है जिसकी कल्पना शायद उज्ज्वल भविष्य की कामना करने वाले हमारे शहीदों ने कभी स्वप्न में भी न की होगी।

आज का मानव बस स्वार्थ की लड़ाई लड़ रहा है । सबसे बुद्धिमान जीव ही अपनी योग्यता का ऐसा परिचय प्रस्तुत कर रहा है जिसका वर्णन बस आँखों में आँसू ही ला सकता है । इन्सान की सहनशक्ति को न जाने क्या हो गया है जो बस छोटी सी बात पर भी आज खून की नदियाँ बहाई जाती हैं । जिस धरा पर सेवा और बलिदान का इतिहास रचा था कुछ महान हस्तियों द्वारा उसी धरा पर आज नासमझी की कहानी लिखी जाती है । इस क्रूर समाज के लोग तो मातृभूमि के ही टुकड़े करने पर उतारू हो गए है ; दो हाथ ज़मीन हथियाने के लिए भी हथियार चलाए जाते हैं। स्वार्थ में अपनी आँखें मूदें आज भाई ही भाई का दुश्मन बना फिरता है और समाज का हर कोना असुरक्षा की भावना से ग्रसित नज़र आता है ।

मानव इस धरा पर खाली हाथ आता है और राली हाथ ही चला जाता है, यह तो जीवन का शाश्वत सत्य है जिसे कोई चाहकर भी झुठला नहीं सकता । यहाँ तो बस एक निश्चित समय के लिए एक किरदार निभाना है और ईश्वर की इस अमूल्य भेंट का कर्ज़ चुकाना है। फिर कहाँ स्वार्थ के बीज़ बोने की जगह मिल जाती है लोगों को । आज का प्राणी न तो जन्म देने वाली माँ का कर्ज़ चुकाता है, न जीवन को सार्थक बनाने वाले पिता की भावनाओं का औरन जीवन जीने के लिए अन्न देने वाली इस धरा का । ऐसी उन्नति का क्या लाभ जो इन्सान को अधिकारों की परिभाषा तो पढ़ाती है लेकिन कर्तव्यों का कहीं एहसास भी नहीं दिखाई देता । हर तरफ क्रूरता का ऐसा विकराल रूप देखवने को मिलता है कि खून की होली में राष्ट्र हित की भावना धुंधली सी पड़ गई है।

अगर इस भारत देश की गरिमा को बनाए रखना है तो देशभक्ति की उस पवित्र भावना को एक बार फिर हर सीने में जगाना होगा ताकि राष्ट्रहित में अपना योगदान देने के लिए हर कोई आगे आए । देशभक्ति सिर्फ जंग में जान देना नहीं कहलाती बल्कि ये तो वह भावना है जो इन्सान को इन्सानियत का मतलव समझाती है। जब भावनाएँ जागृत होंगी तभी तो जीवन का मूल्य उजागर होगा और फिर एक दिन फिर से सुदृढ़ भारत के सपनों का सूरज निकलेगा ।

उम्मीद एक नए सवेरे की, पलकों पर सजानी है, सुप्त पड़ी देशभक्ति की भावना, एक बार फिर जगानी है।
पुकार यह भारत की भूमि अपनी संतान से कर रही
हमें तो इसकी गरिमा में अपनी जान भी लूटानी है ।
जय हिन्द ! जय भारत !

## सूचना टैक्नोलॉजी का शिक्षा पर प्रभाव

"शिक्षा एक ऐसा रवज़ाना है जो बाँटने से बढ़ता है ।।"

शिक्षा ही एक ऐसा साधन है, जो मनुष्य को मानव बनाता है। यह ही मनुष्य तथा पशु में अन्तर बताता है । आज शिक्षा हमारे जीवन का अटूट अंग है । इसी पर ही हमारे देश, समाज तथा राष्ट्र की उन्नति निहित है । एक शिक्षित व्यक्ति ही उन्नति की सीढ़ियों पर चढ़ सकता है। शिक्षा ही एक ऐसा धन है जिसे कोई चुरा नहीं सकता । शिक्षा को कई नामों से विख्यात किया गया है जैसे: विद्या, ऐजुकेशन, प्रबोध । इस सभी का अर्थ तो एक जैसा ही है।

सूचना टैक्नोलॉजी जैसे कि नाम से ही विख्यात होता है कि जो साधन हमें सूचना प्रदान करने में सहायक हों । टैक्नोलॉजी से भाव आज के विज्ञान के युग में विज्ञान तथा आधुनिक तकनीकों द्वारा बनाए गए साधन । सूचना टैक्नोलॉजी से सम्बन्धित साधन: कम्पयूटर, मोबाईल फोन, इटरनैट इत्यादि, इन सभी का निर्माण हमारे देश की उन्नति, उज्ज्वल भविष्य, तरक्की इत्यादि के लिए किया गया है । ऐसे साधन ही हमें सूचना प्रदान करने के साथ-साथ हमारे ज्ञान में वृद्धि करते है । आज का युग विज्ञान तथा कम्पयूटर का युग है । आज विज्ञान ने इतनी तरक्की की है कि किसी भी दूर बैठे व्यक्ति से कुछ भी बातचीत कर सकते हैं उनका हाल - चाल घर बैठे ही पूछ सकते हैं। पहले हम बात करते हैं कि किस प्रकार ये सूचना टैक्नोलॉजी हमारी शिक्षा प्रणाली को प्रभावित करती है।

कम्पयूटर भी सूचना टैक्नोलॉजी का एक साधन है । यह हमें शिक्षा प्रदान करने में भी सहायता देता है। कम्पयूटर में हम अपनी शिक्षा से सम्बन्धित कोई भी जानकारी प्राप्त कर सकते है। कम्पयूटर में इतनी संचित शक्ति होती हैं कि हम अपनी विद्या से सम्बन्धित जानकारी को एक डाटा के रूप में इसमे स्टोर कर सकते है । और इसमें एक बार स्टोर किया गया डाटा नष्ट नहीं होता और हम इसे जब, चाहे निकाल कर पढ़ सकते है। इसके साथ-साथ हमें इसके प्रोग्रामों का भी पता चल जाता है । बच्चों को फिर ऐसी तकनीकों का प्रयोग करना भी आ जाता है।
"कम्पयूटर का शासन हो गया, दिशा-दिशा में गान ।।"
आज कम्पयूटर को एक विषय के रूप में शिक्षा प्रणाली में शामिल कर लिया गया है । आज इसे एक अनिवार्य विषय भी माना गया है । यदि किसी को भी आज, कम्पयूटर चलाना नहीं आता तो बहुत खेद की बात है । सरकार ने तो कम्पयूटर जैसे सूचना प्रदान टैक्नोलॉजी के लिए हर प्रदेश में "कम्पयूटर केन्द्र" भी बना दिए है ताकि आज कोई भी इससे अपरिचित न हो । आज तो सरकारी कार्य भी कम्पयूटर पर होने लगे हैं। स्कूल के बच्चों का डाटा भी कम्पयूटर में ही स्टोर होने लगा है। कहने का भाव यह है कि स्कूल तथा कॉलेज में कुल कितने विद्यार्थी हैं, उनका पता, उनके माता - पिता का नाम, जाति आदि से सम्बन्धित जानकारी भी कम्पयूटर में केन्द्रित होती है । यहां तक कि बच्चों का नतीजा भी इसमें होता है। आजकल तो नतीजा या कोई और सूचना बोर्ड या यूनिवर्सटी को कम्पयूटर के माध्यम से ही भेजी जाती है । इन सब को देखते हुए ही हमारे स्कूलों, कॉलजों ने इसे विषय के रूप में सम्मलित किया है । इस प्रकार शिक्षा से सम्बन्धित प्रत्येक कार्य को कम्पयूटर ने प्रभावित किया है । समय के परिवर्तन के साथ-साथ कम्पयूटर के स्थान पर आज लैपटोप का प्रचलन हो गया । कहा भी गया है कि :
"समय परिवर्तनशील है, यह कभी किसी के हाथ में नहीं आत्ता।"
इसी प्रकार मोबाईल फ़ोन ने भी सूचना प्रदान करने की अपनी जिम्मेदारी को पूरा किया । मोबाईल फोन का प्रचलन तो दिन-प्रतिदिन बढ़ता जा रहा है। हर एक के पास आज बड़े से बड़ा फोन है । ताकि वह इंटरनैट के प्रयोग से शिक्षा प्राप्त कर सके। मोबाईल फोन के माध्यम से हम दूर बैठे किसी भी व्यक्ति की सूचना प्राप्त कर सकते है। पहले किसी भी व्यक्ति की सूचना प्राप्त करनी होती थी तो पत्र व्यवहार किया जाता था। लेकिन अब हम घर बैठे ही सभी के बारे में जानकारी प्राप्त कर सकते हैं। शिक्षा के क्षेत्र में फ़ोन ने तो अपना अहम् रोल या दायित्व निभाया है। जिन बच्चों के लिए स्कूल जाना या कॉलेज जाना सम्भव नहीं हो पाता उनके लिए तो यह वरदान है। मोबाईल फ़ोन पर आज जो मुख्य है - फेसबुक, वट्सऐप, ट्वीट आदि प्रचलित है। ये भी हमें शिक्षा में सहायता प्रदान करते है। शिक्षा का भाव केवल अपनी कक्षा की जानकारी प्रदान करना नहीं होता बल्कि नैतिक मूल्यों, संस्कारों, परम्पराओं, रीति - रिवाज़ों, देश - विदेश की जानकारी भी प्राप्त कर सकते है। इन वट्सऐप, टवीट के माध्यम से हमें होने वाली पोस्ट जिसमें देश-विदेश की जानकारी या किसी विशेष घटना, या माता-पिता के सम्मान तथा छोटों के प्रेम से सम्बन्धित पोस्ट देखने को मिलती है जिससे प्रेरित हो कोई कुसंगति से सत्तसंगति के मार्ग पर जा सकता है। कहते हैं कि:

> "कदमों को बढ़ने तो दो, नई दिशाएँ मिल ही जाएँगी ॥"

टी. वी तथा रेडीयो भी सूचना टैकनोलॉजी के ही साधन हैं। इसके माध्यम से बच्चों को अन्य देशों - विदेशों में क्या घटित हो रहा है ? कौन सी करन्ट समस्याएँ प्रचलित है और उनका समाधान कैसे करना है इसका भी पता चलता है ।

इंटरनैट जो इन सभी सूचना टैकनोलॉजी का आधार बिन्दु है। इसी के माध्यम से ही हम सूचना प्राप्त कर सकने में सहायक होते है। ये एक नैट का ही समूह है । आज हम इसके माध्यम से घर बैठे ही सूचना प्राप्त करते है । चाहे वे शिक्षा से सम्बन्धित हो या किसी कॉलेज, देश, विदेश से सम्बन्धित हो ।

हम घर बैठे बस एक बटन दबाते ही सूचना प्राप्त कर लेते हैं। आज हमें किताबे बिखराने की आवश्यकता नहीं है। शिक्षा प्रणाली में इंटरनैट ने महत्वपूर्ण रोल अदा किया है। आज तो कवियों ने भी इंटरनैट के माध्यम से अपनी अलग वेब साईट बना ली है ताकि कोई भी बच्चा घर बैठे ही शिक्षा प्राप्त कर सके । आज यदि किसी अध्यापक को किसी बच्चे का प्रशिक्षण करना है तो वह भी कम्पयूटर या मोबाइल पर एक बटन दबाते ही चंद मिन्टों में पता कर सकता है । ये टैकनोलॉजी बच्चों के साथ-साथ बड़ों, अध्यापकों, दफ़तरों, कार्यलयों में भी प्रयोग होता है।

इन सूचना टैक्नोलाज़ी के माध्यम से हमारे ज्ञान में वृद्धि होती है । ये हमारे ज्ञानात्मक विकास में सहायता करते है ! ये सभी श्रव्य - दृश्य साधन बच्चों की रूचि बढ़ाने में सहायक होते है । हम इसे कही भी बैठे प्रयोग कर सकते है। ये हमारे लिए असानदायक है। ये साधन पिछड़े देशों या बच्चों के विकास में तो अपना महत्वपूर्ण योगदान देते है। सूचना टैक्नोलाज़ी के माध्यम से बच्चों का प्रशिक्षण करना भी आसान हो गया है। लेकिन कहते है कि हर साधन का प्रयोग यदि सीमित रूप से किया जाए तो अच्छा होता है। हर एक का कुछ अच्छा प्रभाव भी होता है और बुरा भी । यह तो हमारे पर निर्भर करता है कि हमें अच्छे का प्रभाव धारण कर उन्नति प्राप्त करनी है या फिर बुराई की ओर बढ़ कर अपने ही पैर पर कुल्हाड़ी मारी है । कहा जाता है कि :

> "दिल में तमन्ना हो तो हम ऊँचाई को छू सकते हैं ।।"

इन सूचना टैकनोलॉजी का प्रयोग दिन-प्रतिदिन बढ़ते रहने के कारण कई लोग इसका प्रयोग गलत करने लगे है । आज का युवा वर्ग तो मुख्य रूप से इसका शिकार हो रहा है। आज नौजवान हर समय मोबाइल या कम्पयूटर में व्यस्त रहता है। उसे ना तो देश की चिन्ता है और न ही समाज का ख़्याल । उसे तो चिन्ता है बस रिचार्ज, चार्ज और चैटिंग की। माना कि युवा वर्ग एक ऐसी अवस्था होती है जिसमें सबसे अधिक पैर फिसलने की चिन्ता होती है लेकिन यदि मन तथा इन्द्रियों पर नियंत्रण हो तो व्यक्ति क्या नहीं कर सकता। आज के अभिभावक बच्चों की शिक्षा के लिए इन साधनों को लेकर देते है परन्तु बच्चे पता नहीं क्या - क्या कर रहे है।

इसका एक और कारण यह है कि आर्थिक रूप से जो बच्चे ठीक नहीं हैं वे इसका प्रयोग करने से वंचित रह जाते हैं। और यदि कम्पयूटर या मोबाईल में किसी भी तरह की खराबी या कोई ओर समस्या आती है तो सारे का सारा डाटा नष्ट हो सकता है। जिससे स्कूल या कॉलेज के पास किसी भी प्रकार की बच्चों से सम्बन्धित जानकारी नहीं होगी । जिससे बच्चों के नतीजे पर विशेष प्रभाव पड़ेगा। अध्यापक उनका प्रशिक्षण भी नहीं कर पाएंगे। इसलिए हमें हर साधन का सीमित प्रयोग करना चाहिए।

इस प्रकार हमें हरएक के सही तथा ग़लत भाव सकारात्मक व नकारात्मक गुणों को देखना चाहिए। सूचना टैक्नोलाज़ी का शिक्षा प्रणाली पर सकारात्मक तथा नकारात्मक प्रभाव पड़ता है। इसके लिए सर्वप्रथम हमें नौजवानों को जागृत करना होगा। हमें उन्हें सकारात्मक गुणों से परिचित करवाना चाहिए ताकि हम परिचित हो कर इसके प्रयोग से उन्नति की राह पर बढ़ सकें । क्योंकि सरकार ने इसका आविष्कार शिक्षा के प्रसार को बढ़ाने के लिए ही किया था और हमें उनके उद्देश्य को पूर्ण करना चाहिए। ये पूर्ण तभी कर सकते हैं यदि हमारे सभी के मन में ये भाव होंगे।
"इसका जन्म हुआ था, ताकि इसका हम सदुप्योग करें, यदि सफल बनाना है जीवन को, तो न इसका दुरुप्योग करें।।"
उन्नति के मार्ग पर देश को लाना हमारा और हमारे देश के सभी नागरिकों का कर्त्तव्य है। हमें हमेशा अपने देश के उज्ज्वल भविष्य की कामना करनी चाहिए। क्योंकि हमारा भारत देश सभी देशों से महान् है ।
> "यह वंदन भूमि है, अभिनंदन की भूमि है। इसका कंकर - कंकर शंकर है, इसकी बूँद-बूँद गंगाजल है, हम जींऐ तो इसके लिए, मरें तो इसके लिए ॥"


## इत्तफ़ाक

कैसा इत्तफ़ाक था यह, दोनो मिले भी तो जिन्दगी के कैसे मोड़ पर सिर्फ पल दो पल के लिए वो एक दूसरे के साथ थे और फिर दोनो एक- दूसरे को बाँहों में ले कर मौत के दामन में समा गये ।

भारत और पाकिस्तान में तनाव सा बढ़ गया था । दोनो देशों में जंग सी छिड़ी हुई थी । लोग घर छोड़ कर भाग रहे थे । दोनो तरफ से गोलीबारी हो रही थी।
"मेजर रणधीर, ये जंग कब तक चलेगी ? " मेजर के साथी फौजी ने पूछा ।
"हम तो पैदा ही अपने देश को बलिदान देने के लिए हुए हैं।"
"सर मुझे तो घर वालों की बहुत चिन्ता हो रही है, क्या आपको नहीं हो रही ?"
"मेरा इस दुनिया में है ही कौन, माता-पिता तो भगवान को प्यारे हो गये । जब मैं अपने माता-पिता के साथ पाकिस्तान से भारत आ रहा था तो मेरा जुड़वा भाई भी मुझ से बिछड़ गया" मेजर रणधीर ने जवाब दिया ।
"आपको अपने भाई की याद नहीं आती?"
"आती है न लेकिन क्या करूँ उसे बहुत ढूँढा । एक बार वीजा लगवा कर पाकिस्तान भी गया लेकिन उसके बारे में कुछ पता नही चला । अगर कभी उसकी याद आती भी है तो यह लॉकेट और चेन देख कर, जो हमारे माता - पिता ने हम दोनो भाईयों के गले में पहनाये थे" मेजर रणधीर ने भावुक हो कर कहा।
"आह! सर दुश्मनो ने हमारे शरण स्थल पर हमला कर दिया है" एक सैनिक जिसके गोली लगी थी उसने कमरे में प्रवेश करते हुये कहा।
"भारत माता की जय, आज नहीं छोड़ेंगे इन काफिरों को" मेजर रणधीर ने जोश में आ कर कहा ।
दोनो तरफ से दना - दन बंदूकें चलने लगी । मेजर रणधीर भी सैनिकों की एक टुकड़ी के साथ दुश्मनों को मार गिरा रहा था।
अचानक मेज़र रणधीर की नज़र ज़मीन पर करहा रहे दुश्मनों के एक सैनिक पर पड़ी जिसके गले में वह ही लॉकेट था जो मेजर रणधीर के गले में था। मेजर रणधीर उसके पास जाकर बैठ गये ।

उस सैनिक की छाती पर बैज लगा था जिस पर लिखा था मेजर रहमान ।
"रहमान मेरे भाई, देख यह लॉकेट जो हमारे माता-पिता ने दिया था उसने इत्तफ़ाक से हमें मिलवा दिया । कहाँ था तू मैने कितने बरस तुझे ढूँढा।"
"भाई अब मुझे मरने से कोई नहीं बचा सकता।"
"नहीं। भाई ऐसा मत कह तुझे याद नहीं हम बचपन में क्या कहा करते थे । जीयेंगे तो साथ, रहेंगे तो साथ नहीं तो जायेंगे खुुदा के पास।"
"आह!" तभी दुश्मनों के एक सैनिक ने मेजर रणधीर की पीठ पर गोलियां चला दी ।
मेजर रणधीर और रहमान दोनो ऐसे अभागे भाई थे जो इत्तफ़ाक से मिले तो, पर जिन्दगी के ऐसे मोड़ पर जहाँ मौत उनके लिए बाँहें फैलाये रवड़ी थी और वो एक दूसरे के साथ खुुदा के घर चले गये ।

## सरहद की तार-मानव दिलों पर भार

ज्योति ओहरी सरकारी कॉलेज, होशियारपुर
"मुझे जाने दो । मुझ पर रहम करो ! खुदा तुम्हारा भला करेगा ।" कुछ इस तरह के लफ्ज़ थे; जो अमित के कानों में गूँज रहे थे। अमित को बी. एस. एफ. ज्वाइन किए अभी दो माह ही हुए थे । तीन दफ़ा उसकी ड्यूटी रात को बॉर्डर पर लगी थी लेकिन वह हमेशा सहमा - सहमा रहता था । वह डरता था कहीं वो किसी की जान न ले ले या कहीं कोई उसके प्राण न छीन ले । अमित की उम्र मात्र 21 वर्ष थी ।
"यकीनन वो उम्र के उस पड़ाव पर खड़ा था जहाँ मासूमियत हृदय में शेष रहती है । हालांकि वह एक पुरूष है लेकिन..... है तो मानव ही ।"

अमित की आज फिर बार्डर पर ड्यूटी थी । उसने राइफल उठाई तथा चल दिया सुबेदार मान सिंह के पीछे - पीछे । उसका हृदय ज़ोर से स्पंदन कर रहा था। अब जैसे हालात हो गए थे; भारत - पाक के रिश्तों के, डरना तो लाज़मी था। अमित चला जा रहा था । मन में ढेरों सवालों के साथ । अमित के मस्तिष्क को फिर उन्हीं आवाजों ने झकझोर दिया।

हां! आज से एक हफ्ता पहले जब अमित ड्यूटी पर था; तो सिपाहियों ने एक पाकिस्तानी ग्वाले को पकड़ लिया । सिपाही सऱ्ती से ग्वाले से पूछताछ करने लगे । अमित बस यह प्रार्थना करने लगा कि "हे भगवान ! ये आदमी आतंकवादी न हो।"

सिपाहियों ने उस ग्वाले से नाम पूछा। "तेरा नाम क्या है?"
"मेरा नाम..... साहेब जी ! अहमदू बक्स है।" उस ग्वाले ने कपकपाते हुए कहा।
"बता! क्या कर रहा है यहाँ; इतनी रात को?" - सिपाहियों ने गर्जती आवाज़ में एक साथ पूछा।
"मेरी भैंस मिल नहीं रही थी तो ढूँढता - ढूँढता यहाँ पहुँच गया" - डरते - डरते उसने कहा।
अमित रडड़ा ये सब देखता रहा । क्योंकि पूछताछ तो वरिष्ठ अधिकारी कर रहे थे । अमित ने तब सोचा "काश! काश भारत दो टुकड़ों में ना बँटा होता; तो आज अहमदू को यह दिन न देखना पड़ता।"

जब कड़ी पूछताछ के बाद यह पाया गया कि सचमुच अहमदू ग्वाला है तो उसे सीमा पार भेज दिया गया । उस पार अहमदू का बेटा उसकी राह देख रहा था।

अमित के मन में प्रसन्नता हिलोरे ले रही थी । अब उसके मन का भार कुछ कम हुआ था। वरना पिछले आठ घण्टे उसने जिस तनाव में व्यतीत किए थे उसे कोई बयां नहीं कर सकता । आज भी जब अमित सूबेदार मानसिंह के पीछे चल रहा था तो एक भय उसे कचोट रहा था, "कि कहीं और.... अहमदू सरहद की तार के भार तले; अपना मन न घायल कर बैठे ।

भले ही अमित एक सिपाही है लेकिन सरहद के दोनों तरफ बहने वाला लहू किसी ममतामयी माँ का ही होगा । मानसिंह भी दो माह में अमित के हृदय को भली- भांति समझ चुके थे ।
"सही तो है.......! आखिर सिपाही भी शांति - अमन चाहते हैं । सरहदें भले ही ज़मीन पर बनाई है; पर निशां हर किसी के सीने में है। इतना बोझ लेकर जी रहे हैं; जाने और कितना..... इसी तरह सरहद की तार के भार को लेकर मानव हृदय जियेंगें ।" - बस यही सोचता - सोचता अमित आज फिर तैयार था सरहद की उस तार की निगरानी करने के लिए ।

## कुछ कर दिखाना है

दुनिया के दलदल में... एक कमल खिलाना है .... । हर मुश्किल को चीर कर जाना है .... ।
बंदिशें तो होंगी बहुत सी रास्तों पर .... ।
उठना नहीं बल्कि उड़ के दिखाना है .... ।
अपने लिये तो यहाँ सब करते हैं .... ।
सब के लिए .... कुछ कर दिखाना है .... ।
सोच से भी हट कर सोचती हूँ .... ।
क्योंकि सपनों को अपने .... हकीकत बनाना है .... ।
मुकाम है एक.... पर रास्ते बहुत हैं .... ।
पर सच्चाई के रास्ते पे ही.... चलते जाना है .... ।
साथ हो खुदा .... हर मुश्किल में.. गर....
उसकी खुदाई में .... ही बंध जाना है .... ।
स्वार्थ में सच्चे साथ... छूट जाते हैं .... ।
प्यार से सबको साथ... लाना है .... ।
अलग से लोगों की.... झूठठी सी पहचान है .... ।
सूरज सा बेहतर .... सच' बनकर दिखाना है .... ।
भूली सी दुनिया की ... भूली सी ज़िंदगी में .... ।
न भूलने वाला.... काम कर के जाना हैं .... ।
रंजिशों के भैवर में.... फँसना नहीं .... ।
ज्वाला का उजाला बन.... रास्ता दिखाना है .... ।

पैसों की ही.... बनकर रह गई यह दुनिया .... ।
राक्षस नहीं .... खुदा का सच्चा इंसान बनाना है .... ।
छूटना नहीं है .... मंज़िलों में कहीं ... 1

जो मिला है काम.... वो करके जाना है .... ।
मुखौटों की दुनिया में.... सब जी रहे हैं .... ।
मुखौटा नहीं .... एक नया चेहरा दिखाना है ... ।
उम्मीद तो करते हैं हम बहुतों से .... ।
पर अपनी उम्मीद पे खरे उतरकर दिखाना है ...।
कामयाबी की एक अलग सी आवाज़ है .... ।
जीत का पहला बिगुल बजाना है.... ।
हार से उलझ़कर ही तो सीखता है..... इंसान
पिछली हार को जीतना सिखाना है .... ।
जड़ें मज़बूत हों... तो तूफान भी कमज़ोर हो जाए .... ।
ऐसा विशाल वृक्ष मुझे बनाना है ... ।
खोया तो बहुत कुछ है ..... जिंदगी में....
पर अब इस दुनिया को कुछ दे कर जाना है .... ।
बदलाव से हमेशा घबराता है इंसान .... ।
बदलाव तो हमने ..... खुद में लेकर आना है .... ।
अलफाज़ नहीं हैं ये ..... मुकाम है मेरा .... ।
इस 'अधूरी' ने मम्मी-पापा का सुपर- हीरो
बनकर दिखाना है।

## मनोतरंग

हैं जिन्दगी की अजब कशमकश, मन में छिपी कई उमंगे हैं । रंजिश से गुंजाईशों तक सब सिमटी हुई तरंगे हैं ।।

कई जागती हैं हसरतें, कुछ अभी जगानी बाकी हैं।
बढ़ना तो फ़लक से भी आगे सोचा, पहले मगर मुही भर आसमान छूना बाकी है।।
है ख्याल मन में इकाई जैसे, लेकिन लगते कभी शून्य से भी छोटे ।
पर है जज़बा इनको पाने का, क्योंकि रातें हैं लम्बी और दिन बहुत छोटे ।।
कभी सोचती हूँ क्या चाहिए मुझे, जिन्दगी का हर पल खूबसूरत है।
फिर सोचा - कब, क्या, कैसे से क्या लेना ?
मेरे चचंल मन की अपनी ही जरूरत है।।
हाँ, सपनों की उड़ान का कोई अन्त नहीं, बिना पूर्ति के मन शान्त नहीं।
मन को ढाला है इस कदर, पाना है तो अभी से उसको समझो,
जो अभी नहीं तो कभी नहीं ।।
राहों में कई काँच आऐ, पैरों ने कई जख्म भी छुपा लिए ।
मन में लहरों को दिया ऐसा जज़बा,
करनी इच्छा पूरी हर दर्द मिटा लिए ।।
ईश का दिया जीवन, एक वरदान है, क्यों मन में इच्छा को दबाऊँ मैं।
है हौंसलों की उड़ान मेरी, फिर क्यों, बिन आसूँ के रोऊँ मैं।।
हर मन में इच्छा की उमंग है,कभी शान्त, कभी प्रचण्ड़ तरंग है।
मनोबल से इसकी पूर्ति है मुमकिन, मान लो सच, जिन्दगी हर पल एक जंग है ।।
आकाश में तारे तो बहुत हैं, पर चाँद सिर्फ एक है।
मन की तरंगों के सवाल तो बहुत हैं, इच्छा पूर्ति का जवाब सिर्फ एक है।।
यह शरीर तो केवल पेड़ है, बसे इस पर कई घरौंदे हैं।
हर बन्धन से मन को उड़ने दो, हम भी नादान परिदि हैं ।।
देखती हूँ कभी जो उड़ना चाहते हैं, उनके पर काट देता है समाज ।
आह! लगाकर उनकी खुशियों का, गला घोंट देता है समाज ।।
जब सोचती हूँ मन में आवेशों, से ठोकर भी लग जाती है।
क्यों सोचूँ- ठोकर सदा गिराती है, यही ठोकर ही मुझे दो कदम आगे ले जाती है ।।
कभी स्वंय को पंछी माना, कभी स्वाति नक्षत्र की बूँद।
कोशिश से ही तमन्ना पूरी होती हैं, जो मिटा सकती है मन की धुंध।।
सिक्का तक सम्मान का, होते नहीं तैयार हम झु़ककर उठाने को।
जिन्दगी में दु:ख बहुत हैं, हादसे रोज, कुछ वक्त तो निकालों मन की
तरंगो के साथ बह जाने को ।।
"Don't search for Heaven and Hell in the future.

## Both are now present.

Whenever we manage to love without
Expectations, Calculations, Negotiations,
We are indeed in Heaven.
Whenever we Fight, Hate,
We are in Hell."

SHAMS TIBRIZI

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## Power of Youth

Youth move the world! One of the great liabilities of history is that all too many people fail to remain awake through great periods of social change. Every society has its protectors of status quo and its fraternities of the indifferent who are notorious for sleeping through revolutions. Today, our very survival depends upon our ability to stay awake, to adjust to new ideas, to remain vigilant and to face the challenge of change.

We cannot always build the future for our youth, but we can build our youth for the future. Youth empowerment is important because when empowering the youth and future of the world, we give them the power of change and the power to break cycles that have caused problems in the past. Young people should be at the forefront of global change and innovation. Empowered, they can be key agents for development and peace. If, however, they are left on society's margins, all of us will be impoverished. Let us ensure that all young people have every opportunity to participate fully in the lives of their societies. No one is born a good citizen; no nation is born a democracy. Rather, both are processes that continue to evolve over a lifetime. A society that cuts off from its youth severs its lifeline.

We should take care in inculcating patriotism in our girls and boys which is patriotism above the narrow sentiment, which usually stops at one's country and thus inspires jealousy and enmity in dealing with others. Our patriotism should be of the wider and nobler kind which recognises justice and reasonableness in the claims of others and which leads our country into comradeship with the other nations of the world.

What is needed now is an increased effort to promote youth participation and commitment, more services aimed at youth, more parental involvement, more education and information, more protection for girls, orphaned children and young women. We all benefit by having young people exposed to the way things are done in a democratic society. Isn't it time to tap the power of youth?

Ms. Prabhleen Toor
Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana

## MODERN GIRL

Harkiran Kaur<br>Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana

She is fragile yet fierce ; She is soft hearted yet bold. A modern girl is a beautiful combination of values, integrity and independence. She carries a heart of a mother in the body of a warrior.

To be a modern girl is to experience a roller coaster of emotions... where she is expected to stay in limits with strict boundaries. A modern girl is free, but caged. Ironic isn'tit?

She will go an extra mile for the love she deserves from her family because at the end of the day it is her parents' smile and satisfaction that she craves for. Being a modern girl is not an easy task. She has to pick out roses from the bushes that hurt her with their thorns. It is just like walking barefoot on the road, the pebbles will hurt you and hamper your progress but what matters is the beautiful destination.

It is true that today girls have achieved a lot more as compared to the girls of yester years. But one should not forget that somewhere in the parallel space it is the modern girl who is made submissive, who is confined to the four walls of her house.
P.V. Sindhu, Sakshi Malik and Deepa Karmakar - THE MODERN GIRLS- they have made their country proud at the Rio Olympics 2016. They out did the boys in their respective fields. WHAT A MOMENT!

But later on what we hear are the news reporters tweeting about one of them - Sakshi Malik, that who is going to marry her with those muscles? Fie upon such mentality! Does a modern girl really need the name of her husband to be respected ? Questionable! Yet an answer in itself.

A successful modern girl is the one who lays a firm foundation with the bricks thrown at her. Staying ambitious in a male chauvinist society is no less than taking arrows in your back. At every step you will be pushed backwards.

The society forgets that the girl they are trying to suppress is a flower ... The more she is crushed, the more fragrance she will spread.

Taking relevance from the recently released blockbuster PINK, the modern girl is questioned about her morality. Why ? Just because she laughs loudly, or because she is open about her thoughts and is an independent woman! Kudos to the thinking ability of the men of our society. But lets keep in mind, a modern girl is made of sugar and spice. Touch her once and she will kill you twice.

It all depends on how you treat her. Love her, give respect to her and she will move mountains for you but once she feels taken for granted, she will become your worst nightmare.

For her, simplicity is the ultimate sophistication. She prefers to remain silent and let her work speak for her. SHE is a born achiever.

The muddy water and the frogs all around can never stop the lotus from blooming. The lotus has the nature of growing inspite of all the unacceptable surroundings. In the same way, the atrocities of life will never be able to hamper the growth of a modern girl.

She is a butterfly, many will be attracted to her because of her beauty but to their disappointment, they cannot take hold of her, for she is born to fly...
"SHE WILL MAKE YOUR HEAD GO SWIRL FOR SHE IS THE MODERN GIRL"

## CHILDHOOD - A BLESSING OR CURSE

No one can deny this fact that the days of childhood are full of happiness, joy as well as full of zeal. Actually, the fact is that the memories of childhood are not forgotten even when we reach the old age. However, it gives courage to face the painful as well as happy days of the old age and also gives us pleasure. Although, childhood is a beautiful stage of life yet it is becoming a painful, sorrowful and lonely one in modern era. No subject is as controversial as childhood as here we discuss about their up-bringing, schooling as well as the need to spend more time with them.
'Childhood' can be defined as a period after the infant stage in which one learns with zeal, is full of energy, likes to undertake adventures and learns about society, country as well as the world. Infact, every thing has its pros and cons and same is the case with childhood. Definitely, it is such a wonderful blessing of God that we are human beings. In addition to this, childhood days are really beautiful, wonderful and marvelous days of our life. In this stage, a human being is like a white sheet, he becomes as his parents, teachers or society want to make him. Indeed, he becomes what he acquires from his society or parents. Basically, this is an age in which he can become a good or bad person, choice is solely his. In this age, the love or hatred he gets plays an important role in building his character.

Besides this, in childhood, we are free to do anything we want to do. We can get anything by hook or by crook and can emotionally blackmail our parents to appease us all the time. Everybody loves us in childhood and there is no hatred for others. The striking feature of childhood is the purity of heart! Our heart is as pure as water. In childhood, we have no ill-will for others. Infact, we want to fly with birds in the sky.

Undoubtedly, childhood is the most beautiful stage of life but it is becoming a curse for most of the children. First of all, due to the hectic/busy schedule of working parents, they do not spend time with their children. And their up bringing is possible only through servants. As a result they become rebellious in their behavior. Another reason that has intensified the problems of childhood in modern era is the burden of studies and competition. Some parents spoil the childhood of their wards because they want their child to score more marks in the examinations. Therefore, they do not know the real meaning of childhood.

In my opinion, childhood is that stage of life which is a bed of roses for some and a bed of thorns for others. The fact is, we forget our moral values and precious culture and the most precious thing, that is the jewel of 'Humanity'. The beauty of life is vanishing only because of lack of humanity among people. According to Elie Wiesel,

## "If there is change in your gratitude, it means something is missing in your humanity."

But the stage of childhood is such a precious stage of life, that William Shakespeare also praised this stage in his poem. No one can deny this fact that childhood has its impact on every individual whether directly or indirectly. Infact, one should enjoy every moment of one's life! Remember that childhood is not only a blessing but can become a curse if not nurtured properly. A beautiful childhood makes one strong enough to stand alone in hard times in the future.

## "Language of a person is his personal identity card in the world."

India, the largest democratic nation across the globe, is a vast land with veritable babel of tongues, coexisting beautifully. The country which exemplifies, 'Unity in Diversity' is a home for billions and trillions of folks-different in all possible aspects- caste, creed, colour, ethnicity and what not! And all of them are unique and beautiful in their own way. The language of a person is a notable factor responsible for the diversification of a nation. There are hundreds of languages spoken only in Punjab! And when we talk of India, the number multiplies many times. The native language of any person, lovingly termed as 'Mother Tongue' (because it was passed on to us by our mothers), is passed on from generation to generation. It is like an identity card. It provides the information not only about ourselves but also showcases our cultural heritage and tells a great deal about our ancestors.

But the last few decades have witnessed a continuous disgrace attributed to the Mother Tongue. With ever increasing influence of the West, the English language has turned into a hot potato, resulting in the negligence of the mother tongue. We pay no heed to promoting our mother tongue. On the contrary, the folks who stick to their native language are simply called illiterate, as if language is the only parameter to judge an individual.

The educational institutions are no less a culprit in this matter. The higher education imparted in reputed universities employs English as the medium- be it medical, law or engineering.

English, undoubtedly, is necessary and vital for the development of any nation. It is a window to the world. But is it really worth neglecting our mother tongue for ? If we continue disrespecting and disregarding our mother tongue at this pace, the day when our Mother tongue will vanish is not far and then the only language we would be left with would be English. But then would we actually be ourselves? Would our nation still hold the award for what it is best known? The answers to these questions are self explanatory.

We direly need variety in our lives. It is simply natural to keep on changing. Even our earth changes its place every second ! This change, this diversity is what makes our lives worth living. Would a garden still be scintillating with the same plants growing throughout the year? Definitely No. If every one in the world looked alike, would the world be as graceful as it is now ? NEVER. The nature is diversified and there is a reason for it. Diversity beautifies. We are beautiful because we are different. And the diminishing use of our mother tongue is diminishing our beauty, our identity. It is transforming us into someone we are not.

The need of the hour is to understand the value of our mother tongue. We need to work together to help our mother tongue get its glory back. And 'The only way around is through'. There are no shortcuts to success. The only way we can regain our self identity is through unity. The damage done by the west is not irrevocable but needs an action soon or else we'll have to cry over the spilt milk. So youth 'WAKE UP'.

## "Media is the mirror to the World"

Due to the rapid advancement in technology, the pace of change in life has increased tremendously; media is not an exception. In the modern scenario, media has become a buzz word like a 'hot potato'. Life without media is like a body without soul or a ship without sailor. All and sundry are dependent on media in one or the other manner. Media is the prime source of interaction between a man and the world. To move with the times, one has to stay in touch with the social media.

Undoubtedly, there are myriad sources of media like the television, newspaper, radio, press, the social websites like facebook, twitter, orkut etc. Internet itself is the best source of media.

Media plays a crucial role in our daily routine. In the era of globalisation, where stiff competition is at its highest peak, media serves as a 'linker dose' between a man and the world. A great deal of people are able to know of the burning issues of the nation and abroad. In the hustle and bustle of life, media only helps the common man to be well-informed about each and every aspect of different fields.
"Life is like facebook (Social media), we post everything on it and get feedback, either in favour or against".

Nevertheless, there is a plethora of advantages of media. The first and the foremost merit of media is that we get latest news of the world24x7. The Government is linked with the layman only through media. Furthermore, the sources of media help us to know about the vacancies in various companies. One of the peculiar advantages of media is the advertisements. Media provides advertisements to the people sitting at home. Now, the media also gives opportunity to give feedback to it through toll free numbers or messages which is a proof of the participation of common man in the matters of concern.
"The various Strategies of Media are like grapevine". As a coin has two sides, so media has negative side also. Sometimes media misguides the world. It provides misleading data and information to the layman. Even our Government uses media as a tool for wrong information. Articles about religion differentiation, sex abuse, wrong images in newspaper are all a reflection of the negative side of media.
"Social media has a unique magic".
Life without social media is like fish without water. Facebook, twitter, orkut and various other social networking sites are part and parcel of our life. There is not a single field under the sun which is untouched by media.

## "Anything minus social media equals to zero."

About $90 \%$ of the population is already using the social sites. Interaction between different people has become easy and possible through it. A good case in point is the usage of cell-phones by majority of people. As per the latest statistics it has been admitted that about 95\% of today's youth is engaged in using social media which has become a necessity after food, cloth and shelter. By 2025, it is estimated that $100 \%$ of the world will be addicted to it. Hammering the last nail, putting my pen down, I would say that the importance of media to all and sundry is undeniable. The best part of media should be taken into consideration. But the negatives should be worked upon.
" $100 \%$ Media-world is myplan
If you help me; I'm sure we can."

Navpreet Kaur

A. S. College of Education, Khanna

## "Social Media is an equaliser that provides an equal opportunity to all"

India is the fastest developing country in the world. In ancient times, people were connected through letters or they used to visit homes of their relatives to stay connected. Their bonds, their love towards each other was very strong. In these times, news used to take very long time to spread. But in modern era, we have facebook, whatsapp, twitter, skype, tango, hike, telephones, cell phones, televisions, radio, internet which connect the world. In modern times, this technology of social media has brought about a big revolution in people's life. Today life is very busy, so people can't meet their friends, relatives regularly, but social media brings about a connection between them and their relatives and friends etc. Social media makes us connected to the world.
"Social Media has the power to make or break a man".
Today social media has world wide power. People are very much affected by social media. Through social media, a person can get fame, popularity. If social media shows a person to be good, people accept him as good. If social media is against a person, and shows negative side of a person, then people accept him as bad. A very good example of this is chief minister of Delhi, Mr. Arvind Kejriwal. He is a common man. He is not a celebrity. But through social media, he let the people know about his views on our country's development and managed to enter politics and bring about a change. He is a man of media. So social media has a great effect on people's mind.

Social Media keeps us aware of the surroundings and what is happening throughout the world. Through media, we are made aware of the news of the world. Whenever anything new happens in any corner of the world, media gives us the information about it.

Social media is very useful for us. It can bring news, messages to us and keep us aware. It changes our mindset for the better. It is a good entertainer also. We can also watch movies, serials, etc. on social media. We can search anything at anytime through google, we can make many friends through facebook and can send messages to our friends, through whatsapp.

But at the same time, some people make bad use of social media. Children waste their precious time on Facebook, Whatsapp rather than studies. It has a very bad impact on children in the long run. They do not play outside or do their home work; they keep on chatting with unknown persons on these social sites. Many vulgar sites are easily accessible and when we open such sites, it has dire consequences. So we need to give suitable information to our students and guide them about these fake and disgusting websites.
" The ones who control the media, have the ultimate power".
Social media sometimes misguides the people. Some corrupt politicians use media as a source of gaining votes. Through media, they give false information to the people and gain sympathy and votes, especially in India.
"Youth are the trustees of the country".
Youth is the future of action and we want our future to be very good. In India, some people are corrupting social media. They even give bribes to news channels to show false news, which is a curse for our country. People make fools of other people through media, which is a despicable thing.
"If you are not the part of the solution, then you are a part of the problem".
If we keep on tolerating these fake things, then we are also the reason for these crimes. So we should take action against the fake news and information which is spoiling our future through media. It is the duty of media to give us correct information.

Its our duty to make our country better with each passing day. We should make effort to make good use of social media and guide children how to use internet and social media apps in a positive way or to gain some information and not to spoil on their lives. Media connects us, gives information to us, if we make good use of it.

## PATRIOTISM

"Thank God! I have done my duty", said a great leader once. Love for nation, having a great responsibility towards one's nation and giving one's own life for the nation is what depicts true patriotism. From a poor man who lifts a dropped flag and places it in a respectful position to a politician who gives his whole tenure to honesty or an army personnel who leaves his family and guards our border to keep us all safe from terrorists every one of them shows patriotism. We can see this in our freedom fighters and great leaders who laid down their lives for their nations.

Nelson Mandela from Africa, Martin Luther king from America or even Mahatma Gandhi ji from our country show us what patriotism is. All three of them fought against racial discrimination, fought for equal rights and for freedom. Martin Luther King's "I have a dream" speech is one that can never be forgotten. Gandhi ji and Martin Luther King were both assassinated but both of them died fulfilling their dreams, the dreams which they had for their respective countries. Freedom fighters like Bhagat Singh, or even Subhash Chandra Bose also laid down their lives for our country. There was no reason for them to leave their loved ones and fight for the nation, but their love and responsibility for the nation surpassed everything else.

We rarely see true patriotism today. All our leaders, though may do a lot for the nation, but their main motives are to win in the elections. Even recently, we saw the political leaders fighting for credit of 'Surgical Strikes' in Pakistan occupied Kashmir. Our Army soldiers are laying down their innocent lives on one side and on the other hand our leaders want to promote their own parties. Even when people try to rise up against this non-patriotic attitude, those in power suppress them. People like Kanhaiya, Vemula raised their voices against discrimination, but no one listened to them. But these patriots' dream will one day surely come true if we all truly love our nation. Loving our nation doesn't only mean laying down our lives but also fighting against all negative forces that hinder the progress of our country. They include discrimination based on caste, colour, region or religion, corruption, poverty, pollution and other crimes.

There is an urgent need for true patriotism among our citizens. Love for country must be inculcated into our children from the start. From respecting teachers and friends to living honestly- children should be made to learn and grasp basic moral values. We must teach them to respect national monuments and tell them about our great freedom fighters and the defence personnel who are spending sleepless nights in order to protect our country. We can encourage students in school to join Armed forces. Leaders must now stop thinking about themselves and start thinking about our country.

Hence, when we are united in true patriotism, no external force or any enemy country can destroy us. There is strength in unity. We need to support our soldiers who are at the front line, especially now when terrorists, threaten to attack us. Every small act of patriotism counts including standing in attention position when you hear the National Anthem being sung. No act of patriotism will get wasted. There is a great blessing in loving one's nation. When our country is giving so much to us we can atleast give her our love!

Vande Mataram! Jai Hind!


## MIRROR

Arindam Sharma<br>PUSSGRC, Hoshiarpur

Once upon a time, on a coast far off the country of Greece, there lived a monster named Minatour. He used to live inside a cave. The cave could be spotted easily from ships which used to pass through the near by strait. It looked like a safe haven, covered with flowers and pleasant foliage. Inside the cave, there was a mirror. The mirror stood by itself on a wooden frame. The frame was made of the highest quality wood; ancient wars of Hercules and other great warriors were carved in it with such a skill, that one could make out every expression of warriors slashing the enemy's throat. The mirror, itself was no ordinary mirror. One couldn't have seen a mirror clearer than this. Its sparkle could make even a diamond fade into insignificance. The insides of the cave were dark. It was positioned in such a way that a person looking into the mirror could only see his reflection, while his surroundings were in complete darkness. What lied in the dark corners were the remains of the sailors who were lured inside the cave by the mirror. Hundreds of broken skulls could be found if one tried. The mirror was a cursed mirror. When a Greek king had lost his sons in a battle, he had got this mirror made to please himself. The mirror was forged by the most powerful sorcerers in the kingdom. The speciality of the mirror was that it would show you not only your reflection, but it would manipulate your mind and would show you the things you wanted to see. It could make all your desires come true, virtually. That is the reason why the king had got it made. Whenever he used to look into the mirror, he could see the things he wanted to. He could see his sons standing by him, talking to him and laughing with him. The king used to spend hours with the mirror. Gradually he began spending days without coming out. This went on until the king was found dead in his chambers. The mirror was declared evil and was hidden away. Now since Minatour had found it, he used it to trap travellers and sailors to feed on them. The person would get hypnotised by the virtual reality of the mirror and would give Minatour the chance to feast on them without any struggle.

Far away from this coast, Perseus, the great warrior was returning from his voyage. It is said that he was a demigod. Born to the God of sea, Poseidon and a mortal mother, he could control sea water, was protected by the sea animals and was a great fighter. Having successfully led his army to victory, tired and hungry, they reached the strait. A violent storm stirred up in the sea. Perseus tried to control it, but it was way too strong for him to control. The mast of his ship broke down, the hull was damaged. The ship began to sink. His army was in crisis but he was powerless against this force. He was swept away by the waves tumbling back and forth but somehow, he managed to reach the shore. He was unsure about his men and as soon as he caught his breath, he blacked out. The moment he regained his consciousness, the dark storm had passed away. It was sunny and pleasant. He got up and started walking towards the wreckage. He spotted something shiny. It was his sword, known to kill creatures of all kinds. He picked it up. There was no sign of his men. They all seemed to have disappeared. He started walking around to look for his injured men and help. He sensed a
sweet scent in the air; it was enchanting. He slowly began to realise that he was in a state of natural wonder. Around him were flowers, spreading their aroma in the air, birds chirping, trees laden with flowers. As he strolled around, he noticed the cave. It was truly alluring and inviting. He couldn't resist the urge to enter the cave. It just pulled him towards itself. As he stepped in, his feet, though covered with battle shoes, could still feel the soft velvet cushion of the grass. The scent inside the cave was also sweeter than what it was outside. In a dream like condition, he walked in. As he went further, he saw a young girl. She was one of the most beautiful creatures he had seen. Her hair was a perfect blend of golden and brown, curled at the ends and spread on her shoulders. Her eyes were the deepest blue of the ocean, and lips, so soft that could put roses to disappointment. He felt as if it was Aphrodite, the Greek goddess of beauty, herself sitting there. His gaze shifted towards the mirror. He was awed by its beauty. But as he looked into the mirror, his heart missed a beat.

He could not believe what he was seeing. He saw himself, in the royal place of Greece, with the girl he just saw, by his side. He was dressed as the king and had a crown on his head. The people were hailing them as the king and queen of Greece. The queen had given birth to a son and there were celebrations in the kingdom. His happiness knew no bounds. The sword fell from his hands with a clank. The sound woke up Minatour, who was sleeping at the other end of the cave. Seeing two people in the trap, he was more than happy. He hadn't eaten in days and was really hungry. He charged at Perseus from behind. Perseus was in his dream land, totally unaware of the advancing threat.

Suddenly he heard his Father's voice inside his head. It said,"Turn around Percy!". This broke the spell the mirror had cast. As he turned around, he was startled by the charging monster. He dodged the monster, but was slashed in the arm by his weapon. Wasting no time, he picked up his sword and lunged forward; with one clean slash, Perseus brought down the monster. Giving an example of excellent swordsmanship, he ended the life of monster in moments. The valeyrian steel didn't have any mercy. After bringing the monster down, Perseus went to the girl. The girl still had her gaze transfixed upon the mirror. Perseus took some water accumulated in the containers inside the cave and sprinkled it on her face. As she woke up and came out of the trance she was surprised by the charming man standing in front of her. She was startled by the corpse of the monster lying in the cave. Perseus explained everything to her. They decided to break the mirror. Perseus shattered the mirror with his sword. As they left the cave, Perseus closed the mouth of cave with a huge rock. As they were walking away from the cave, the girl introduced herself as Selena of Athens. She said she knew Perseus would save her. A puzzled Perseus asked her how she could be so sure to which she replied:

## 'I saw it in the mirror'

## ENVIRONMENT

## Shivani Kaushik

Govt. College of Art, Sec. 10 Chandigarh

I don't like being in this structure of cement and bricks. I want to go out by myself, see the birds, hear the breeze and I just want to live. I was kept here to save my species. I am glad that I am not alone here. I have friends but they also have the same problem. They are also kept here as specimen. They are allowed to go out only once in three months. There is an artificially designed park where they are left for eight hours so that they don't forget their natural environment. We are just like dead bodies. We dont move, we don't have alife, it is just that fluids are running through our veins.

A few days ago I saw a bird falling through the window in front of me. I was just about to cry but I heard the door-open. I saw a little girl entering the structure that humans call a lab. She just pointed at me and said that this plant was so beautiful why did not we plant it outside. On hearing this, memories of earlier times flashed in front of me. I was a plant of the banyan tree and I also had a family. We lived at the outskirts of the city. We never imagined that this would ever happen. My mom and dad were of huge size. Children used to play around them. Their fruit was collected by the ladies of the nearby village. There was a boy named Hariya, he used to water me every day. Not only Hariya but the whole village worshiped us as told by my parents. But soon the village turned into a city. We were kind of a small jungle. Lion, tiger, monkeys, elephants \& birds used to sit under us.

But one day a man wearing a hat and mud colored clothes came in that jungle. He held something which could kill anything and his mates called it a 'gun'. He took most of the animals with him. The lion, the monkey and the tiger never came back. One day Hariya came and sat near me. He was talking to my father. He sounded tense. He said that humans were becoming advanced. He heard people saying that they didn't need trees or the environment any more. Humans were coming to cut all the trees in that area as they wanted to build a track for a train. My father told Hariya to take me with him I cried a lot that day as I lost my mom and dad and the whole family.

Hariya was growing and soon he became busy in his life. He forgot about me. I was placed in a balcony and used to see everything happening outside. Earlier I thought only birds could fly but humans also knew how to fly. They could sit in a chair like structure and fly away. I can't see any thing green in the world. One day two men dressed nicely came. I heard them use the word 'environment' so I thought they are here to plant me again in the lap of nature. I was made a bonsai by Hariya as my original size was gigantic. Hariya took some money and signed some papers and handed me to them.

I was confused as I entered this building. All my happiness vanished when they placed me in the block where I presently am I saw many other animals and plants kept there. They told me the truth that we are last
one of our species so we are kept on display here. After that day I saw many other creatures being collected. But now the little girl who adored me was a ray of hope. Humans have started wearing masks and carry cylinders through which they breathe. The little girl said to me that she was going to get me out of this place. Later I came to know that she is Hariya's daughter.

She was told about me by her father. One day she came alone in the lab. She just took me from there. She was not afraid of anyone, I could see that in her eyes. She was now grown up. She took me far away from the city and showed me the jungle she had created. She owned an area there. I couldn't believe my eyes when I saw that it was an actual jungle. Then she told me that she had been stealing plants \& animals from the lab since she first came in that lab. She used to relocate them here. She removed the GPRS from each plant and showed them dead in the records. She also narrated why she did this. She was tired of oxygen cylinders and flying cars. She heard stories from her father and wanted to enjoy life like Hariya once did. She then took me back as she was afraid that her dad would follow her there. Hariya was against this because he thought that technology is more important than environment. Her name was Mary. She asked me to tell this to all other creatures in the lab that soon they will also be rescued. After few days I heard that Mary's mom was not well and medicines were of no use. I remembered that the earlier plants were used to cure diseases. But now plants were nowhere. Soon many people fell ill in the city and so many died. Mary's mom also died. She lost the most important person of her life. Mary did some research and found that the disease was caused due to pollutants found in oxygen cylinders. Mary cursed her father for having given me away for money because if plants had been there oxygen would have been pure. She also found that lack of drinking water and eatables were also the cause.

Mary then was determined to restore the environment. She started a campaign along with her friends and kin of the dead and started restoring the plants and animals. After two years she was over- whelmed to see a full working ecosystem where they could live. I was also planted there. I was happy to again come to my home. I was flourishing, breathing and smiling. Mary was the reason. Soon the whole city turned into what it had looked like when I was a child. But a bad news that broke me was that Mary was ill. She was suffering from brain disease. One day she came and sat beside me. She talked to me for hours. She sang songs. Her voice was like that of a nightingale. But suddenly there was no voice, no wind, only silence. I turned and saw Mary lying on the grass bed. The person who gave me another life was dead. The whole forest cried that day.

In the present her children visit us and play with us. Not only her children but the whole city. They are now free from cylinders and breathing the air that is healthy and their life line. They understood that environment needs to be maintained. I am happy that they are now taking care of us.

## LOVE

Tanya Chohan
Dev Samaj College for Women, Sec. 45
Chandigarh
Life is too short to be wasted on hateful people. Every person hates someone at some point of life with a lot of passion that can change their lives forever. Mridul Jaisingh, a young lad, hailing from a very rich and influential family, also believed in the grace and blessings of God. But everything changed after the death of his beloved mother, who had filled his heart with utter happiness and joy and patiently listened to all his worries and problems. He hated God with every cell of his body after his mother's death. His behavior displayed a range of negative emotions :- anger, arrogance and stubbornness. Even after 7 months of his mother's death, he remained in his own little shell and didn't want any body to break that. His father became extremely worried about the condition of his only son and he wanted to see him in his previous avatar of a cheerful, kind and humble man. So, Mr. Jaisingh concocted a plan in his mind to evoke the lost feelings of love and kindness in his son again.
"Mridul beta, lets go for a walk. Look, the weather is also nice and pleasant," said Mr. Jaisingh.
"No Papa. I am not in the mood to go out. Besides, I don't even like going for an early morning walk", replied Mridul, with a long sigh of boredom.
"Son, early morning walks are good for the mind, body and soul. I don't want to hear any if's and but's. Haven't you heard about the significance of early-birds who rise and shine in their lives",said Mr. Jaisingh jokingly.

Mridul knew he couldn't win against his dad in debates. So, reluctantly he got ready for his early morning walk. Though he had great respect for his father, he had always confided in his mother. He strolled around the garden idly while his mind was occupied with so many thoughts about his life, his mother, his upcoming exams and his unjust hatred for God.
"What are you thinking about?" Mr. Jaisingh asked calmly.
"Nothing dad. I was thinking about mom. Don't you think it was truly unfair that God took away the person I loved the most. I believed in God. I cherished His name with every cell in my being, yet my mom died and now I hate Him the most". Mridul blurted out everything and felt some kind of peace by sharing his feeling with his father.
"You know son, when you were born I felt like the happiest man in the world. Everything changed after you came into my life. I became a responsible man with a loving wife and an adorable son. You will feel better if I
tell you that each and everything in this world is a creation of God. He knows what He is doing," Mr Jaisingh tried to console his son.
"No papa, I don't believe in God anymore. Please stop using sugar coated words in the praise of God," Mridul replied rudely.
"Okay, I won't talk about God. But I would like to tell you a story about the most beautiful flower -rose Please don't try to interrupt me while I'm telling you the story, Ok?" directed Mr. Jaisingh.

Mridul only nodded in response and he was all ears now for the story his father was going to share with him.
"My father told me this and now I am telling you this story. Once upon a time, in a small village near Shimla hills, there lived a young and beautiful damsel named Bianca. She was so fond of different varieties of roses, that she maintained stringent rules regarding her small but pretty garden of roses. No one was allowed to touch her roses. So, many young boys made a bet to pluck at least 10 roses from Bianca's garden. Shambhu, one of the boys entered Bianca's garden at midnight and plucked around 10-20 beautiful roses and won the bet. Next morning, when Bianca found her missing flowers, she was beyond furious. She thought that it was all God's fault and she spent the rest of her life in misery and depression. So my son, God gives you the power to sustain many kinds of challenges oflife and it entirely depends on you to choose love or resentment for the rest of your life. So choose love, my son for it is boundless, universal and a significant decision in life while hatred is bound to bring destruction," Mridul's father told him wisely.

Wow, that was such a different yet splendid story. Now I have got to know the real meaning of love. Papa, love is much stronger than hatred. This episode of morning walk became a daily routine for the father-son duo and they would confide all their secrets in each other.

25 years later, Mridul Jaisingh became one of the finest advocates of the country and he firmly adhered to the one inspiring thought that his father had instilled in him, that if you share love in anybody's life, you will feel a bundle of joy and warmth in your heart which is not comparable to any materialistic pleasure. So he aspired to promote global peace through his NGO Gayatri Jaisingh foundation for peace.


# SAVE WATER SAVE MANKIND 

B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana

"Chandan beta, you are a beacon of light in the darkness of this world. Someday, mark my words, you are going to save the whole world!", were the words of Professor Daulat Ram, a visiting researcher in the small village of Jamalpur. His research included improvised ways of biological recycling, in which he was working on various indigenous methods that are used to reduce farmland wastes and increase water conservation.

Professor Daulat Ram was a learned man of fifty, dedicated completely to the service of the rural population that practices agriculture and contributes to more than $70 \%$ of the country's economy, but is a sector which is exploited the most by natural as well as governmental forces. So, when he came across a water conservation proposal written by a young lad of fifteen, he had to come visit this prodigal visionary called Chandan Kumar. In his paper, the author had given a detailed outline of rooftop water harvesting, combined with an idea of underground storage wells. It wasn'tjust brilliant, it was absolutely genius!
"Sir, it is my dream to see my village, my country and my people flourish. We have an acute problem of flooding every monsoon, during which, ration runs scarce and water supply ceases," replied Chandan.
"Keep doing what you're doing. I'll take your proposal to authorities and I'll make sure that it is implemented. It'll save millions of lives!" Professor Daulat Ram patted him on the back.
"Every drop is precious, Sir. I just want that drinking water should be made available, even in the worst of droughts!" said Chandan with sincere ambition. Some time later ...
"Professor, help us, please!" cried the woman on the phone.
"He went to help the neighbours get out safely when the flood water drowned their house. They say that he is stuck under the immense weight of one of the iron beams. There's so much water ! He can't get out and no rescue worker is ready to go and get him out because of the water inflow," Chandan's mother wailed from beyond the phone line. The next day, the good Professor had reached the base camp of the victims and had talked to the rescue workers. They told him that they had dropped a food-kit down where he was, but they couldn't find any clean water for him to drink. All the barrels of clean water had been used by the survivors here. Chandan would have to wait for 48 hours to quench his thirst. It was nearly impossible for Professor Daulat Ram to wait. His mind kept showing him flashbacks of the dark face and eager eyes of Chandan. That boy was a gift! His vision at such a young age promised so much potential! He was angry at the villagers of Jamalpur. If only they had implemented Chandan's ideas, he wouldn't have to wait for two days just to get a few drops of clean drinking water. The Professor was reminded of Coleridge's famous lines.
"Water, water everywhere, and not a drop to drink..."
The irony of the situation mocked him as he sat in a makeshift tent, restless and helpless. He had reached out to the highest political power to enable a rescue attempt, or to arrange for a bottle of drinking water, but to no avail. He cried himself to sleep that night, enveloped in a world of "What ifs...". As the flood water receded the next morning, rescue workers finally cleared up the way to the house where Chandan lay trapped. They didn't find him. They only found a lifeless body of a young man, who could've saved the world.

Professor Daulat Ram was heartbroken. He sat beside the grieving mother of Chandan, surrounded by the dumbstruck villagers who now realized the importance of Chandan's ideas of water conservation.

Professor Daulat Ram was heard murmuring slowly as the crowd lay down their young hero to rest,
"They killed the hope of a glorious future... They only had to save some water and they could've saved the future of mankind. They only had to listen to him and save a few drops..."

## DAUGHTER

## Chandigarh

Lo ! And Behold !
Look ather!
Happiness envelopes me,
As she flies in her dreams,
Playing with reality,
Spreading calm, like a stream.
A power to be reckoned with,
Agrace in her being
Look at thy love,
Our daughter, Our soul.

Ventures she does, Jumping through potholes, Swinging through suburbs.
Summers, Winters in her moods,
Flowers cry as she broods.
A colorful spring,
A beautiful autumn,
The winter's sun she is.

Remember, do you?
those times, those moments
When hours were spent,
As days went?
We evolved as 'it' did, we wondered
Whether it will be a joyful bundle of a son
Or a wonderful girl?

Oh! I remember!
Reminisce as I do.
How fearful I was,
A tender feeling evolving for this 'who'

We lived in our mystery, And happiness followed us. As it was 'She' who endeared us
In her presence we basked.

Fear?Iask?
Why fear my love?
A strength in her grace, such sublime ways.
Nothing she is deprived of.
Sadness-I'll never let her feel.
A spark that ignites her,
I'll teach her to live free.

Scared-Oh yes, I am.
As I love her with all my being
I fear for her every second,
I fear evil enveloping her.
Her little body,
Her vast mind.
In her happiness I smile,
In her sorrows I die.
We broughtherhere,
The only ones who can protect her,
But, as we grey,
I wonder, who'll be her guardian?

She has the stars, She has the wings.
In herself she will find us,
Never to leave her be.
Grey we will,
As she grows
Butshe will evolve with strength,

Like a breeze that blows,
She'll be the fire,
In her rage will the God's bow.
She'll be the sun,
Spreading warmth in her wake.
She'll be the sun, alright,
Burning the ones who'll stray.

Patience, mylove,
For I fear for her too.
This sparrow is petite,
In her world I am scared to intrude.
Her world is magical,
Where flowers bloom never to die.
The bitter truths still await her,
As hard as we may try.
Believe, we can.
As men like you will support her. If evil surrounds her, beauty will envelop her too.

I smile at your words.
A power they generate in me.
I smile at my girl,
In her frock as she twirls.
Hoping for a future,
Where elated she'll be.
Her present I'll make beautiful,
As beautiful as it can be
I can't stop time,
Nothing can I refrain, But I'll believe in my daughter,
To enjoy the sun and the rains.

# Sri Aurobindo College of Commerce \& Management, Ludhiana 

O! Mom! Are you close?
Are you near?
Can you hear my lament?
Can you see my tear?
O! my dear; Are you close?
Are you near"?
A single mother, Yes! she was
Nurturing my life! Yes, she was
Her only daughter! Yes, I was
I hated that lady, hatred it was
She killed my dad, in the hospital :
A sudden gift of God, a surprise!
An offspring-my baby brother, came to life
Totally a reflection of 'DADDY' - he was
Truly a miracle! Adorable he was !
Three years passed, time played its game
Finally! That lady! My mother!
lying on the hospital bed, frail and tame
At the verge of death, her life was helpless
Happy, I was ! For she killed my dad and all my happiness.
Suddenly she held my hand, to pull me near
She handed me her engagement ring, as a blessing and the painful tear!
She kissed my forehead and her last
breath was clear
She handed me two letters-one addressed by dad, and the other from her own side! O dear!
(Dad's letter)
" I loved your mom, she loves me twice
Always love her more, more than anything else
that could suffice;
She didn't kill me! I was suffering in pain;
I myself pulled out the oxygen mask
To gift myself a silent rain ".
Shattered I was, from inside and out, and now! mom's letter was finally read out:
"Baby Girl! !'ve loved you forever
Though you cursed me, my blessings
shall always bestow on you!
Now and forever".
The biggest murder, yes it was !
Me the murderer! Innocent she was !
I killed my mom with torments and hatred
I'm left alone, in the world, with regret and dread!
The sunny day came to rest,
Stars came out shining bright in the sky
I climbed the roof with wet tearful eyes
Mom-Dad! Please come back!Snatch my sigh
Pull me close, and hug me high !
Silence! no one replied, all in vain
I was about to jump from balcony,
To end my pain...
A magical hand pulled me back
"Didi!Don't die! Ilove you"
Three year old -Jack he was !
A life to my near death, yes he was
A selfish sinner ! Bloody, egotist I was
How could I forget,
My baby brother needs me more,
A foolish mockery ! Yes I was
He was an angel, he saved my life
A respite to my pain, a re-birth, newlife!"
That night I cried in sleep:
"Mom! Are you close, Are you near?
Can you hear my lament,
Can you see my tear?"
A soft hand caressed my forehead and a wet kiss on my cheek!
Rested me to sleep, a voice I heard !
"Yes! I'm close! Yes, I'm here"
Jack- a three year old angel spoke
Mom's shadow! Hewas my 'Mamma' and new HOPE.
Addressed to Mom in Heaven:
"Even today on Earth:-Roses are red, Violets are blue;
A small bird of love, just now flew
To convey you my heartiest 'I Love You'Adding to the blue sky-a tinge of hue".

## MIRROR

Wish ! There was a mirror that could reflect
Not the exterior, but the individual's real self ...
Humanity, kindness and virtues would not have been lost.

The attacks like that of Uri, $26 / 11$ would not have made a blast.

Wish ! People could see, The real demons in their reflection
Which might be worth being ashamed of.
God ! thy people are away from thy path,
Selflessness and virtues washed away with a sinister bath.
Wish ! there was a mirror that could reflect
not the exterior, but the individual's real self ...
Teachings of saints
Lessons of peace and harmony,
Would not have been in vain.
The world would have been a prosperous space
There would have been the showers of love and brotherhood,
Only if the people could see their real self .....
God ! thy people are away from thy path.
Selflessness and virtues washed away with a sinister bath.

Wish ! There was a mirror that could reflect
Not the exterior, but the individual's real self .....


## SAVE WATER SAVE MANKIND

## Komal Kirandeep Kaur

B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana

## Most holy God's signature

As beauty of life lies in the bounty of nature
Water, a silver lining, in the photoframe of life
A twinkling star in the galaxy called life.
Water, pure and holy, commands respect and dignity.
Sovereign by nature, rightly deserves mankind's loyalty.
A healer for the thirsty in body and spirit
Thou art the pious face of mother nature .....
Thy run through Ganga, Yamuna and the ancient Indus
reflects the abundance the Master generously gave us
Hence, a warm appeal of the poet .....
SAVE WATER, SAVE MANKIND
Restore wholesome life, honour the CREATOR.


## TO JUDGE

Supreme Authority, the Creator of the Universe ..
Thou Himself holds the holy right to judge.
Love, morality, relationships and true spirituality $\qquad$
All degraded in human's selfish individuality.
True love never fails, is believing and enduring ..
Our conscience itself does the true judging.
Deepest morality is the strength of the lord .....
Abundant wisdom is His greatest hold.
Governing laws of the universe .....
Basis of Thy impartial judgement.
Righteous living, a surrendered soul .....
High heavens and blue waters speak of it all.
Firmness in character and softness in speech .....
To judge such a being is not a matter of ease.
True love, power in spirit and faith in Himself .....
Such a being can be, but, a judge of himself.
Dedication and devotion, open mind and free spirit ....
Saves one from a baseless judgement.
When I see the Heavens, the work of Creator's fingers .
What a mortal man stands in front of them !
True ..... Supreme Authority, the Creator of the Universe .....
Thou Himself holds the true right to judge.
For the sake of goodness, poet's warm appeal.....
Preserve these qualities, they'll secure us on the judgement day.


## HOW DIFFICULT IS THE MAN'S WORLD FOR MAN?

Gunjan Nagpal<br>Dev Samaj College for Women Ferozepur City

"Man", or as our loving Indian public articulates "Mard" is a word synonymous with power. But the very moment this 'powerful' word reaches our ears, we are suddenly reminded of all the hideous crimes ever committed against the 'powerless' women. But is our 'evil gender' really so evil?

India, a vast nation, a veritable babel of tongues, is a home for millions and billions of folks, of which no less than $60 \%$ are males. This majority of males in India has earned it the name of 'the man's word' But is this world really a 'man's world' ?

India is witnessing a new revolution of 'feminism' in recent years. Feminism has turned into a hot potato in past few decades. Women from every nook and corner of our country have turned into feminists, standing up for their rightful position in the society. This revolution has undoubtedly uplifted the position of women in our nation but at the same time, it has stereotyped all the members of 'other gender' as evil, wrong-doers and cruel. But now the obvious question that arises here is, "Are all men evil?"

Men are simply stereotyped rather than being judged as a human being. They are not judged by their character but simply labeled as 'characterless' just because they are males. The slogans disrespecting the complete 'male- community' are a common sight these days. Every young lad is simply called 'awaara'. Yes, there are people who dishonour women and hurt them. but is it justified to punish the whole race in the name of a few culprits?

The men are even judged by their fellow males, let alone by feminists. There are fixed criteria, which must be followed by every one to be called 'Mard'. And if some one doesn't fit in, he is referred to as 'Namard'. There is little or no consideration or respect for people who are different.

Media further adds insult to their injury as it portrays only the evil side of the 'male community' and also raises the bar for the ideal male behaviour, portraying certain standards like 'Mard ko dard nahi hota", The hype about feminism has led to the deterioration in the status of men. But has all this hype about equality led to real equality ? No. Women always feel that men are the happy people in the society. But as it is said, 'Grass is always greener on the other side,' men have their own share of difficulties. Today, 'A man is entrapped in his own world'.

Both men and women are the important pillars for the development of a nation. Without any of them, the huge building of our country is sure to fall. If women are the creators, men are the preservers.

Father buys the bread, mother feeds"
Our legends and mythology also portray the deities in pairs - be it 'Radha-Krishna', "Seeta-Ram', 'ShivParvati'.

It is high time we realised this. or else we'll soon need a new revolution for the empowerment of 'men' in this so-called 'man's world'.

## HOME COMING

## Vietnam:

A mortar charred through the air. The sky lit up. Continuous screams of jets tearing through the sky dropping tons of bombs over hostile sites. could be heard. The airborne brigade of the U.S. special forces was supposed to drop in today. In the dense swamp of Vietnam, the Vietnam troops were fighting in guerilla style. With better knowledge of the terrain and with better adaptability, although lesser in number, they were giving the U.S. troops a tough competition.

The United States had jumped into the war because it wanted to protect democracy over communism. It had already deployed fifty thousand troops over the course of two months. The warships were at standby on shore, assisting the fighter planes which, further assisted the troops attacking on foot on the ground. At that time the soldiers were being air dropped over the fighting grounds as most of the airstrips were under the control of the hostile forces. The 10th regiment of the parachuted airborne brigade was being led by Sergeant Alex Hunt. He was one of the most able officers of the airborne brigade. He was the fourth child of his parents, the other three already stationed in Vietnam at unknown places in the past months.

## Washington D.C. (United States)

## U.S. Army Headquarters.

Telegrams and wired data was rushing in from the battle field. There were thousands of casualties in the war. There was a mounting pressure on the generals regarding the casualties from the parents of the martyrs. The media was also opposing the country's stand in the war. The message office which was being used to inform the families of troops about there status was in a chaos. Thousands of messages poured in. Mrs Martha used to work as a transfer manager there. It was a normal day for her until she saw three letters which made a chill run through her spine. She could barely speak and was trembling. She rushed to the manager's cabin.

As soon as the manger was made aware, he immediately called the general and asked for an urgent meeting. Upon reaching the General's office, the matter was disclosed. All the three letters were stationed to be sent to the same address Mrs Natalie Hunt, 5 Astiton Street, Winchester Ville - Kansas. The General was shocked. He came to know that three brothers who were leading different teams in different parts of Vietnam were no more. Their teams came under enemy fire and died fighting on different fronts. It was a great loss to a single mother and the nation. The family had given up three of its sons for the nation. He also came to know that there was another officer, Sgt. Alex Hunt, who was to be air dropped into the marshy mangrooves in a few hours. The mission could not be aborted because the communication was not that efficient. At the end of the meeting the General said,'This family has already done too much for this nation of ours, we can't ask them for anything more. We have to save this lad, we can't let it become a liability for the nation which we will never be able to repay'. A high officials' meeting was called and it was decided that Sgt. Alex Hunt was to be brought back to the country, safe and sound. A full scale operation was planned and this operation was named 'Operation Home-coming'.

Missouri: Off the coast of Vietnam. 10th regiment of the airborne brigade is ready to take off. All the soldiers in their jump suits, ready for the war. A charged up Sgt. Alex, unaware of the fate of his brothers and his mother, is comforting the soldiers who look nervous. Tightening his harness and anchoring himself to the chord, he prepared himself as the plane takes off carrying him. Soon they are over the green swamps of Vietnam. They can hear the blasting bombs and roaring of various LMG's, MMG's and HMG'S. The planes are flying in a formation of letter 'V' of English. Suddenly they hear a bang. The planes come under the fire from an anti-aircraft gun. Sgt. Alex signalled all the troops to get ready. As they proceeded to jump, he let out his war cry. 'Till death do us part' ! And they jumped off. The airborne brigade is known for its skilled airdropping. But today it was a chaos. As soon as they jumped out, they were trapped in Heavy Machine Gun fire. With bullets whizzing past their shoulders, some of the bullets found their way into the soldiers or in their parachutes. A hundred and fifty troops had jumped and only 73 of them survived. As soon as they hit the ground they ran for cover. The HMG fire was continous. Sgt. Alex, managed to get all his troops together. They were all smuggled in the fallen logs in the marsh. They knew it was just moments, before the HMG would be aimed at them.

Showing excellent leadership skills, Sgt. Alex commanded his troops to scatter in the dense forest and lead an ambush attack. He heard gun shots at a distance and realised his other two teams were also engaged with the enemy. And then, he heard a gun cock hear his forehead. He turned around.

Washington D.C. (United States)

## (U.S. Army Headquarters)

The operation 'Home Coming' had been enforced. Continuous efforts were being made to locate 10th regiment but in vain. All they knew was that the regiment took off from Missouri and were air dropped off in the dense marsh.

With no way out, 'The Rangers' were contacted at last. The Rangers were the most decorated division of the U.S. Army. They were trained to complete any mission they were given, irrespective of the subject of the task.

4th regiment was flown to Vietnam with heavy assault weapons to accomplish 'Operation Home Coming' Marshy Forest-Vietnam.

Sgt. Alex was taken in as a P.O.W. (Prisoner Of War) by the Vietnamese troops. Only 21 of the 73 had survived. They were all tied up and thrown in a puddle. It had been a complete day since they left for this mission. Some of the soldiers who had been wounded, needed tending to their wounds, as they were getting infected. Due to the moisture content in the air, the ropes had started cutting into their skin. They were served no food, no water. They had no hope of survival. They had prepared themselves to meet their creator.

Missouri - off the coast of Vietnam.
4th regiment of the Rangers were waiting for orders to start their mission. Every soldier was very keen to save the honour of the Rangers. They were keener to save their mates who were being held by the enemy.

The pilot spotted some wreckage which could be possibly from the planes of 10 th airborne regiment. He unloaded the rangers a bit far away from the wreckage as there could be mines set up by the enemy. The rangers were just 90 in number but their hand to hand combat ratio was $30: 1$ Every soldier could take on 30 men in hand to hand combat. The soldiers advanced in dead silence. The Rangers were being led by Colonel Jason Smith. Col. Smith ordered the snipers to comb out the surroundings. After observing the surroundings, snipers reported other snipers, stationed on trees. The snipers were ordered to take them down. While the Colonel planned the attack, the spotter spotted an HMG and other heavy weapons. They were convinced that it was an enemy base and the no of troops was going to be high. He planned to go the other way round to first judge the enemy area. Two pairs were sent to examine the area. They returned in an hour.

The Colonel was informed that there were around a thousand men in those bunkers. The U.S. soldiers were lying in a puddle at the eastern corner of the camp. A plan was formed. Firstly they would take down the snipers, then 60 men would launch an attack with full fire power while rest 20 men would go and take out the hostages. Rest 10 men would stay back and on a call of Colonel, would order an airstrike. Missouri was contacted and $\mathrm{F}-18 \mathrm{~s}$ were put on stand by.

The attack was on! As the men started falling from the trees, 60 brave Rangers unleashed hell upon the unaware Vietnamese soldiers. All the soldiers were startled by the arrival of Rangers. Sgt. Alex Hunt was not sure about the attackers but he had a gut feeling that it was for them.

## Winchester Ville - Kansas.

Two officers dressed in olive green were standing at the door of Mrs. Natalie Hunt with three letters in their hands. As the old lady opened the door, she realised what had happened. Unable to speak anything, she seemed choked and sat on the floor. The two young officers had a hard time comforting her. The poor lady, having lost her three sons and fourth captured was inconsolable.

## Vietnam:

The Rangers were pounding the Vietnamese Soldiers. Colonel Smith with his twenty men broke down the Eastern side. Killing the guards, they broke away the barriers and reached the hostages. Two men cut away the ropes while rest 18 guarded them. The ones who were able to move, picked up the guns from the fallen enemy. The injured ones were lifted by the Rangers. Sgt. Alex saluted Col. Smith as they began escaping from the camp. As they reached a significant distance, Col . Smith sent a radio signal to the assaulting company to fall back. With that, he commanded the F-18's to lead the air strike. The supersonic jets sprung into action. Before the Vietnamese soldiers could realise, they heard the sonic boom of F-18's and the marsh lit up. Even a single survivor from such an air strike would be called a miraculous survivor.

As Col. Smith loaded the injured into the helicopters and flew away, he looked at Sgt. Alex and said,"That was a close call lad, but now you are going home". As they landed in Missouri, Col. Smith congratulated all the Rangers as they had again saved the honour of the division.
> "A message was sent to Washington D.C.
> Operation Homecoming - Accomplished !"


Panjab University students are being blessed by Hon'able Governor of Punjab Sh. V. P. Singh Badnore and Worthy Vice Chancellor Prof. Arun Kumar Grover


Panjab University Team (National College for Women, Machhiwara) Receiving "Mata Sundri Trophy" during the Inter-State University Cultural Competition held at Mata Sundri College, University of Delhi


Prof. Arun Kumar Grover, Vice Chancellor, Panjab University, is being honoured during the 58th Panjab University Youth and Heritage Festival at Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana


Prof. Arun Kumar Grover, Vice Chancellor, Panjab University and other dignitaries enjoying the heritage art of the students during the Heritage Competition


Dr. Parvinder Singh, DCDC, inaugurating the Punjab State Youth Training Workshop at Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh


Panjab University Heritage Team (National College for Women, Machhiwara) while receiving "Panjab University Colour" for their victory at Inter-State University Cultural Competition held at University of Delhi


Panjab University Group Dance Team (DevSamaj College for Women, Ferozepur) who got fourth position in All India National Inter-University YouthFestival held atShivaji University, Kolhapur (MP)


Panjab University One Act Play Team (Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar) who participated in North Zone Inter-University Youth Festival held at Chhatrapati Chhahuji Maharaj University, Kanpur (UP)


Panjab University Gidha Team (Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur) who won first position during the Punjab State Inter University Youth Festival organized by Directorate of Youth Services, Govt. of Punjab


Panjab University Afghani Folk Dance Team (S.G.G.S. Khlasa College, Chandigarh) who participated in 11th SAUFEST at Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore (MP)


Col. Guljit Singh Chadda, Registrar, Panjab University addressing the student-participants during the Punjab State Youth Training Workshop


Dr. Parvinder Singh DCDC and Dr. Parminder Singh Director Sports are being welcomed during the 58th Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth \& Heritage Festival at Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana

## Youth Training Camp



Dr. Hari C. Sharma, Vice Chancellor, Dr. Y S Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni (HP) is being honoured by Panjab University Officials during the Youth Training Camp at Nauni

A Glimpse


## Youth Training Camp



Dr. Vijay Kumar Thakur, Director of Extension and Education, Dr. Y S Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni (HP) is being welcomed during the Youth Training Camp at Nauni

A Glimpse


Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana 2nd to 5th Nov., 2016 Dr. Mohinder Kaur Grewal Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur
Panjab University Zonal Youth \& Heritage Festival 2016-17

| Zone | : | Chandigarh- A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Venue | : | P. G. Govt. College, Sector- 11, Chandigarh |
| Dates | : | 5th to 8th Oct, 2016 |
| Convener | : | Dr. J. K. Sehgal |
| Winner of the Zonal Trophy | : | G. G. D. S. D. College, Sector- 32, Chandigarh |



: Chandigarh- B

Zone
Venue

Dates
Convener
Winner of the Zonal
Trophy
: 26th to 29th Sept, 2016
: Dr. Nisha Bhargava
: P. G. Govt. College for
Girls, Sector- 11, Chandigarh

Zone
Venue

Dates
Convener
Winner of the Zonal Trophy

Ludhiana- A
: Gobindgarh Public College, Alour, Khanna

28th Sept. to 1 Oct, 2016

## Dr. Neena Seth Pajni

: Guru Nanak National College, Doraha, Ludhiana



$58^{\text {th }}$ Panjab University Inter- Zonal Youth \& Heritage Festival Government College For Girls, Ludhiana



$58^{\text {th }}$ Panjab University Inter- Zonal Youth \& Heritage Festival

## Government College For Girls, Ludhiana


$58^{\text {th }}$ Panjab University Inter- Zonal Youth \& Heritage Festival Government College For Girls, Ludhiana


Zone Chandigarh- A

## P. G. Govt. College, Sector-11, Chandigarh




Zone Chandigarh- B
M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Women, Sector-36A, Chandigarh


Zone Ludhiana- A

## Gobindgarh Public College, Alour, Khanna



Zone Ludhiana- B

## S. D. P College for Women, Ludhiana



RSITT ZONAL ROUNF \& FERITAGE


Zone Moga Ferozepur- A
Mata Baljinder Kaur Memorial kaler International College, Samadh Bhai, Moga


Zone Moga Ferozepur- B
Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City
 PANJAB UNIVERSITY

OF YOUTH G HERITAGE Octaber 323,2016


Zone Hoshiarpur- A
M. B. B. G. G. Girls College, Rattewal, Hoshiarpur


## Zone Hoshiarpur- B

## S. P. N. College, Mukerian



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Zone Education - A

## S. G. G. S. College of Education, Beghpur, Kamlooh, Mukerian



Zone Education - B
Guru Hargobind College of Education, Gondwal, Raikot


Zone Education - C
Dev Samaj College of Education for Women, Ferozepur City


## Annual Function

Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University Chandigarh


Dr. (Prof.) Neera Grover is being honoured by the Principals


Dr. (Prof.) Neera Grover (Cheif Guest)


Dr. Parvinder Singh (DCDC)


Dr. Nirmal Jaura (Director, Youth Welfare)


Dr. Emanual Nahar (Dean Student Welfare)


Dr. Neena Seth Pajni (Principal. GPC, Alour)


Dr. Mohinder Kaur Grewal (Principal, GCG, Ludhiana)

Panjab University students are being decorated with University Roll of Honor and University Colour

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Panjab University students are being decorated with University Roll of Honor and University Colour


## Department of Youth Welfare

The Department of Youth Welfare, being an important part of the University, working for the overall development of the students, was set up in 1958 under the Directorship of Dr. K. C. Anand as Founder Director and at present the Dr. Nirmal Jaura is heading the department. With an objective of nurturing the young minds and for their balanced growth and development, the department organizes a number of activities every year. As the department encourages the young students to come forward and prove themselves by participating in various creative activities in the same way the active participation of the students in these activities encourage the department to provide them more and more opportunities for their overall development. During the session 2016-17 the following important activities were executed by the department:

## 10th South Asian Universities Festival (SAUFEST)

10th SAUFEST (South Asian Universities Festival) was organized by Association of Indian Universities at Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore from 28th February to 04 March, 2017. Panjab University Afghani Dance team represented during this festival. The team participated from S. G. G. S. College, Sector-26, Chandigarh. Dr. Bhupinder Singh was the team in charge.

## All India Inter- University National Youth Festival

The University contingent participated in All India Inter-University National Youth Festival at Shivaji University, Kolhapur (Maharashtra) from February 10th to 14th, 2017. About 62 universities from all over India participated in this Festival which was organized by the Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi. Panjab University achieved 3 third prizes and 1 fourth prize out of total 5 events of this festival, as given below:

## Third Positions

Poster Making: Mahima Sauhta, M.C.M.D.A.V.College for Women, Sector-36, Chandigarh
Rangoli: Kamalpreet Kaur, Malwa Central College of Education, Ludhiana
Debate: I. Saloni Sharma, B. C. M College of Education, Ludhiana
II. Dolphin, Govt. College of Education, Sector-20, Chandigarh

## Fourth Position

Folk/Tribal Dance: Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City

## All India Open National Youth Festival

Panjab University students represented Punjab State and Chandigarh UT in Music and Dance events during 21st All India Open National Youth Festival which was organized by Ministry of Youth Affairs, Govt. of India at Rohtak (Haryana) from January 12 to 16, 2017.

## 2nd Governors Annual Inter University (North Zone) Declamation Contest-2016

Panjab University Debate team (Ms. Dolphin, Govt. College of Education, Sector-20, Chandigarh and Ms. Saloni Sharma, B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana) Secured the Governor Trophy during the 2nd Governors Annual Inter University (North Zone) Declamation organized by University of Jammu, Jammu on 9 December, 2016.

## North Zone Inter University Youth Festival

During the 32nd North Zone Inter University Youth Festival organized by Association of Indian Universities New Delhi at Chhatrapati Shahu Ji Maharaj University, Kanpur (UP) from 2 to 6 January 2017, Panjab University achieved 1 first prize, 2 second prizes, and 3 third prizes out of total 17 events of this festival, as given below:

## FirstPositions

Mimicry: Anupama Anand, Guru Nanak Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana

## Second Positions

Debate: I. Saloni Sharma, B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana
II. Dolphin, Govt. College of Education, Sector-20, Chandigarh

## Third Positions

Folk/Tribal Dance: Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City
Poster Making: Mahima Sauhta, M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Women, Sector-36, Chandigarh
Rangoli: Kamalpreet Kaur, Malwa Central College of Education, Ludhiana

## 58th Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival

The 58th Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival was held at Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana from 2 to 5 November, 2016. Principal, Dr. Mohinder Kaur Grewal was the convener of the festival. Approximately 2000 student artistes selected from various Panjab University Zonal Youth and Heritage Festivals, participated in this festival. Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City won the Panjab University Vice Chancellor's Trophy for the session 2016-17.

## Youth Welfare Activities Orientation Workshop

Youth Welfare Activities Orientation Workshop' was organized by the Department of Youth Welfare from 18th June to 22nd June, 2016 at its Student Holiday Home, Panjab University, Chandigarh. Approximately 192 students and 10 teachers from various academia of repute participated in this five days workshop. This workshop aimed to orient the participants towards various cultural and heritage events.

## Punjab State Youth Training Workshop

Youth Welfare Training Workshop was organized from 28-02-17 to 04-03-17 for boys and 05-03-17 to 09-03-17 for girls in collaboration with Directorate Youth Services, Punjab. 200 boys and 200 girls participated in this workshop. Eminent personalities and resource persons addressed the participants on various topics for the all round personality development and promote the talent of individual.

## Punjab State Inter-University Youth Festival

Panjab University won the Runner UP Trophy during the Punjab State Inter- University Youth Festival organized by Directorate of Youth Services, (Govt. of Punjab), on 27-28 March, 2017. Panjab University achieved 14 First Prizes, 2 Second Prizes and 5 Third Prizes out of total 28 events of this festival.

## Inter State University Cultural Competition

During the Inter State University Cultural Competition organized by Mata Sundri College for Women New Delhi and Punjabi Academy, Govt. of New Delhi on March 22, 2017, Panjab University Team (National College for Women Machhiwara) secured the first position in Traditional Heritage Competition and won the Mata Sundri Trophy. Ms. Evenpreet Kaur was declared best artist.

## Vaisakhi Festival-2017

Panjab University Constituent College, Patto Hira Singh, Nihal Singh Wala (Moga) in collaboration with Youth Welfare Department, Panjab University, Chandigarh organized Vaisakhi Festival 2017 on 22 April 2017 in its campus. In the opening ceremony, Principal Dr. Kuldip Singh told the audience about the traditional importance of Vaisakhi Festival and its relevance to the present.

## Youth leadership Training, Hiking Trekking and Rock Climbing Camp

The Youth Leadership Training, Hiking Trekking and Rock climbing camp was organized by Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh at Dr. Y. S. Parmar University of Horticulture \& Forestry, Nauni, Solan (HP) from June 30 to July 8, 2017. Sixty Seven (67) girls and Forty Four (44) boys from different colleges of Panjab University Chandigarh attended the camp. The camp was inaugurated by Dr. Vijay Singh Thakur, Former Vice Chancellor \& presently Director Extension Education of Dr. Y. S. Parmar University of Horticulture \& Forestry, Nauni, Solan (HP). During his presidential remarks Dr. Thakur highlighted the importance of youth activities in student life. He also enlightened the important activities and various teaching courses of Nauni University.

During the valedictory function Dr. Hari C Sharma Hon'able Vice Chancellor of Dr. Y. S. Parmar University of Horticulture \& Forestry, Nauni, Solan (HP) felt honored while informing that the Nauni

University was a part of Panjab University long time back. He also expressed his gratitude for Panjab University Vice Chancellor Prof Arun Kumar Grover for choosing Nauni University to organize this camp.

The motivational lecture was delivered by Dr. Punam Tomar and Dr Arvind from Directorate of Extension Education Nauni University. Besides the daily activities like Yoga, physical exercise, technical sessions, special lectures and recreational competitions the campers did trekking from Nauni campus to Budha Mandir and other places as a part of this camp. Dr. Surjit Singh Sidhu Principal, B. K. S. College Muhar, Prof. Hapreet Kaur from Dasmesh Girls College, Badal, Muktsar, Mr. Rishikesh from Shri Atam Vallabh Jain College, Ludhiana, Mr. Rakesh Kumar Bhalla from B. K. S. College, Muhar, Ms. Bangera Rupinder Kaur from Gobindgarh Public College, Alour, Khanna, Ms. Hardeep Kaur from B. C. M College of Education, Ludhiana, also delivered inspiring lectures. All the sessions were presided over by the camper students with the motive to develop the leadership skill.

## Annual Magazine "Jawan Tarang"

A Literary/Cultural annual magazine "Jawan Tarang" has been launched since 2013 with focus on youth Activities. First three editions of the magazine were appreciated at every platform. Fourth edition of Jawan Tarang is under print. This magazine has been published to provide ample opportunity to young students to express their emotions, opinion, dreams and aspirations. It carries contributions in the form of creative writings, from the students of affiliated and constituent colleges of the Panjab University along with the record of the various youth activities of the department. Chief Editor Dr. Rajinder Pal Kaur and all staff editors Dr. Harpal Singh Bhatti, Mrs. Sushma Miglani, Mrs. Prabhleen Toor and Mrs. Suprerna Khanna contributed a lot for the successful publishing of the fourth issue of "Jawan Tarang".

> "Until the great mass of the people shall be filled with the sense of responsibility for each other's welfare, social justice can never be attained."

Helen Keller

## "Youth for Innovation, Entrepreneurship and National Development"

There is much excitement around the world today about channelizing the potential of youth to kindle future economic growth and development. As youth is the most vital part of the nation and its development, the theme of "Youth for Innovation, Entrepreneurship and National Development" has caught the discerning eye of the Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab Unibersity, Chandigarh and the caption has been essentially chosen to be the theme for Panjab University Youth and Heritage Festivals.


Hon'able Vice Chancellor Prof. Arun Kumar Grover with the poster of the theme "Youth for Innovation, Entrepreneurship \& National Development" during the 58th Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival at G.C.G., Ludhiana

There is an oft- quoted message in different adages and proverbs that child is the father of the man and so the growth from childhood to youth is a result of interaction of the child with the world seen and visualized. From this phase of human growth the child grows into youth with a multi coloured thought for 'innovating' which means giving a new shade to the idea and form including the application for reaching the destination of entrepreneurship.

The next step to highlight the issue can be that the only constant thing in the universe is change. To magnify and refine this thought pattern none can play a role better than the strength \& energy of youth for stimulating the national development. With a view to achieve the objective the following items of the material would be relevant:
A. Well equipped through knowledge and skill the youth can do wonders.
B. The grooming of youth and nitration with world scenario.
C. The continuous persuasion by the wisdom and experience of elders.
D. Regular monitoring of performance.
E. Identifying and catering the capacity and potential.
F. Maintaining the available capacity and evolving methodology for the same.
G. Evaluating and awarding grades to the performers.
H. Operating the concept in practical form.
I. Outcome of efforts, quality and quantity wise.

The object of this theme can better be achieved through spreading the positivity of the massege of entrepreneurship by using skill and vocational faculty of the mind with reference to special emphasis on youth. No society could progress and prosper without new shapes and shades having multidimensional and colourful variety. The subject and theme has in its background that human mind is deficient of entrepreneurship because of much negativity in the mind of the human. From the time immemorial the thought cluster that anything wrong can take place ant time needs to be changed with 'Anything better can take place any time'. The scientific world has created a scenario of transparency for the human mind that in the times to come things will move in better way and world will be a better place to live in without much of the difficulties. The innovative youth can take'. Taking innovation for youth in promoting entrepreneurship has come to a pass where it is the buzzword. Before the matter comes to penultimate closure, it can be having strong relationship merger that national development in all aspects of human life with special emphasis on youth innovation and entrepreneurship would be opening new vistas for accelerating prosperity and comfortable living.

Entrepreneurship creates new businesses in response to unmet needs and demands in the market, that is, there is an opportunity to provide a product or service that is not currently in existence or otherwise available. The youth are the key players who help in encourage economic growth of the nation. They enable access to goods and services that populations require in order to be productive. New businesses need to hire employees. They create jobs and these economic opportunities uplift and support communities through increasing the quality of life and overall standard of living.

Technology has made it possible for small, entrepreneurship-led businesses to expand into regional and global markets. When new businesses export goods and services to nearby regions, these enterprises contribute directly to a region's productivity and earnings. This increase in revenue strengthens the economy and promotes the overall welfare of a population.

A widely accepted definition of the issue includes also as to how many new products are invented, the percentage of high-tech jobs and the size of talent pool available to tech industry employees. More recently and increasingly, youth for innovation has expanded to include the development of new service offerings, business models, pricing plans and routes to market. The ability of youth to turn ideas into new products and services that people need is the foundation of prosperity for any developed country. Economic growth generally speaking is driven by new technologies and their creative application. Periods of rapid innovative historically have been accompanied by periods of strong economic growth.

Thus the impetus of innovation is the greatest natural resource of all the mind of youth. Creating innovative products of solutions requires an educated youth and an environment where collaborative work can take place. In addition to being good for business, it creates workforce creativity and quality of life.

Innovation by the youth also becomes crucial when it comes to addressing the enormous environmental changes we face today combating climate change, lowering global greenhouse gas emissions and preserving biodiversity in the environment. In the United States we waste billions of dollars annually due to inefficiencies and uncompetitive practices in our healthcare system. Hopefully,
the youth with new ideas and innovations will address these problems, resulting in further reforms. When these occur, Americans overall health and quality of life will benefit and so will our economy if our wastefulhealthcare costs also decrease.

Thus for youth to bring new ideas to life, they need access to education and a level playing field on which to complete, regional and national innovations competitions are widely recognized as effective means to stimulate innovation, generate new entrepreneurial initiative and tap the potential for young people to generate new ideas to benefit society and their community. Both the corporate and organizational landscape require creativity from their staff and employees. May it be to come up with superbly packaged products enriching marketing campaigns, innovation breakthroughs or as trivial as solving daily challenges in the workplace.

Innovations empower people by adding strength to their natural abilities which improve team work and productivity. In this vein, the role of government leaders and public policy is to create conditions that allow more entrepreneurs to start business by implementing policies which nurture that environment so that those business can grow. Under the right conditions the youth have incredible power. They also serve society as they help in providing innovative solutions to the problems and challenges. Youth can play in influential role in the economic growth and standard of living of the country. They can do this not just by creating jobs but also by developing and adopting innovations that lead to improvements in the quality of life and living.

The youth plays a vital role in the growth of the national income as well as raising the per capita income of the people. The GNP of the country is calculated based on the total no. of products and services available in a respective country. The more products and services available the higher the GNP. It indicates the economic prosperity of the nation.

The youth is indispensable to the development of the nation. The progress of a country depends upon his skill and talent. Considering the present scenario, the educational institutes are laying emphasis on the promotion of this theme. The Department of Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh earns a special distinction in this perspective which provides reservation and special treatment by allowing additional seat to the exceptional youth performer and his achievements in order to do justice to the job.

Binita Jhanji

National College for Women, Machhiwara


## Vaisakhi Festival- 2017

Panjab University Constituent College, Patto Hira Singh, Nihal Singh Wala (Moga) in collaboration with Youth Welfare Department, Panjab University, Chandigarh organized Vaisakhi Festival 2017 on 22 April 2017 in its campus. In the opening ceremony, Principal Dr. Kuldip Singh told the audience about the traditional importance of Vaisakhi Festival and its relevance in the present scenario.

In his address, Chief Guest Professor Sadhu Singh Member of Parliament, Faridkot, advised the students to play a constructive role in Nation building by excelling in academics, sports and cultural items. He appreciated Panjab University for its remarkable efforts in proving quality education in such remote areas through these activities. Manjit Singh Bilaspur, MLA, Nihal Singh Wala congratulated Principal Dr. Kuldip Singh and entire staff of the college for organizing this festival. Renowned Punjabi folk singer Sukhwinder Sukhi was the Special Guest in this Festival.


Dr. Harjit Singh Dhaliwal, Director PAMETI, PAU Ludhiana, S. Hardial Singh Aman, Chairman, Sai Miaa Meer Foudation, Jatinder Bhalla, Chairman, Umeed Foundation were also present .

The students of the college performed different cultural items including Shabad, Folk Songs, Choreography, Group Dance, Gidha, Bhangra and Skit. Apart from college students, Punjabi Traditional Cultural Dance (Malwai Gidha) was presented by the team of Umeed Foundation, Rampura Phul, Bathinda. Sukhwinder Sukhi and Gurwinder Brar remained the star attraction of the Festival.

Dr. Nirmal Jaura, Director Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh thanked all guests, artists, organizers and students for this excellent show of Punjabi Heritage.

[^1]
## jav University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival

 Government College for Girls, Ludhiana
## 02nd NOVEMBER, 2016

| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shabad/Bhajan | Team |  |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Moga Ferozepur-A | R. S. D. College, Ferozepur |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Chandigarh- A | S. G. G. S College Sector-26, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3 rd | Hoshiarpur- B | G. T. B. Khalsa College For Women, Dasuya |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College For Women, Gujarkhan Campus, Ludhiana |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College, Sector - 36, Chandigarh | Ms. Simran Chaudhary |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Hoshiarpur- B | G. T. B. Khalsa College For Women, Dasuya | Ms. Harwinder Kaur |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College For Women, Gujarkhan Campus, Ludhiana | Ms. Shobita |
| Group Singing | Team |  |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College For Women, Gujarkhan Campus, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | 3 rd | Education-A | D. A. V. College of Education, Hoshiarpur |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector-11, Chd. |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Ms. Anu Bala |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector-11, Chd. | Ms. Ritu Rani |
|  | 3 rd | Hoshiarpur- B | S. M. S. Karamjot College, Miani | Mr. Davinder Singh |
| Folk Song | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College, Sector - 36, Chandigarh | Ms. Simran Chaudhary |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Ms. Anu Bala |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | M.T.S.M College for Women, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3 rd | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Mata Sahib Kaur Girls College, Talwandi Bhai |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Muktsar Zone | Dasmesh Girls College, Badal |  |
| Classical Dance | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector- 42, Chd. |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Kamla Lohtia College, Ludhiana |  |
| Group Dance | Team |  |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Fero zepur City |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector-11, Chd. |  |
|  | 3 rd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Hoshiarpur- B | Dashmesh Girls College, Mukerian |  |
| Guddian Patole Making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | M. T. S. College for Women, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Ludhiana- A | Arya College, Ludhiana |  |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chhiku Making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Education- B | Sukhdev Krishna College of Education, Moga |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Hoshiarpur-B | G. K. S. M. Govt. College,Tanda Urmur |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | 3 rd | Chandigarh- A | G. G. D. S. D. Sector-32, Chandigarh |  |
| Pranda Making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chandigarh- B | G. G. Khalsa College for Women, Jhar Sahib |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Mata Ganga Khalsa College, Kottan |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Hoshiarpur- B | S. M. S. Karamjot College, Miani |  |
| Naala Making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Education-B | G. H. G. Harparkash College of Education for Women, Sidhwan Khurd, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Guru Nanak College, Moga |  |
|  | 3 rd | Education-C | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
| Tokri making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Dev Samaj College for Women |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | M. T. S. College for Women, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Chandigarh- A | G. G. D. S. D. Sector-32, Chandigarh |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Education-A | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
| Mitti De <br> Khidaune | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Girls College, Model Town, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Education-A | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Education-B | S. D. S. College of Education for Women, Lopon, Moga |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Education- C | Guru Ramdass B.ed College, Jalalabad |  |
| Khiddo Making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chandigarh- B | Guru Gobind Singh Khalsa College for Women, Jhar Sahib |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | 3 rd | Education-B | Partap College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
| Peerhi Making | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ | Education-B | Lala Lajpatrai Memorial College of Education, Dhudike |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Jagat Sewak Khalsa College for Women, Mehna |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana |  |
| Rassa Vattna | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Education-B | D. M. College of Education, Moga |  |
|  | 3 rd | Ludhiana- A | B. S. S. G. College, Sidhsar |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Guru Nanak College, Moga |  |
| Eennu Making | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Hoshiarpur-A | M. B. B. G. G. G. Girls College, Rattewal |  |
|  | $2{ }^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Hoshiarpur-B | G. K. S. M. Govt. College,Tanda Urmur |  |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Classical Vocal | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College, Sector- 36, Chandigarh | Ms. Simran Chaudhary |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh | Mr. Purnendu |
|  | 3 rd | Ludhiana- A | Malwa College, Bondli, Samrala | Ms. Aasa Singh |
| Gazal | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Ludhiana- B | Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana | Ms. Hanspreet Kaur |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Mr. Matti |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Chandigarh-A | P. G. G. C., Sector-11, Chandigarh | Mr. Mukul Gill |
| Geet | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Hoshiarpur-B | S. P. N. College, Mukerian | Ms. Damini Agnihotri |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Hoshiarpur-A | S. G. G. S. Khalsa COllege, Mahilpur | Mr. Ramandeep Singh |
|  | 3rd | Education-B | G. H. G. Harparkash College of Education for Women, Sidhwan Khurd, Ludhiana | Ms. Prabhjot Kaur |
| Short Story Writing | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Hoshiarpur- A | P. U. S. S. R. G. , Hoshiarpur | Mr. Arindam Sharma |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Chandigarh- A | S. G. G. S. College, Sector- 26, Chandigarh | Ms. Rupinder Kaur |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha | Ms. Kirandeep Kaur |
| Essay Writing | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Dev Samaj College of Education, Ferozepur City | Ms. Gunjan Nagpal |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Hoshiarpur- B | G. T. B. Khalsa College For Women, Dasuya | Ms. Baljinder Kaur |
|  | 3 rd | Moga-Ferozepur-B | S. D. College for Women, Moga | Ms. Kuldeep Kaur |
| Heritage Quiz | $1^{\text {st }}$ | Education-C | Dashmesh Girls College of Education, Badal, Muktsar |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Ludhiana-A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3 rd | Chandigarh-A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh |  |
| 03 rd NOVEMBER, 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| Percussion | 1st | Ludhiana-B | S. D. P. College for Women, Ludhiana | Mr. Jasdeep Singh |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha | Mr. Iqbal Singh |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | Khalsa College, Garhdiwala | Ms. Harleen Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- A | P. G. Govt. College, Sector-11, Chandigarh | Mr. Harsimran Singh |
| Non-percussion | 1st | Ludhiana-B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College for Women, Ldh. |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College, Sector - 36, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3 rd | Education-B | G. H. G. Harparkash College of Education for Women, Sidhwan Khurd, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh |  |
| Indian Orchestra | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Women, Sector - 36, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | P. G. Govt. College, Sector-46, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Girls College, Model Town, Ldh. |  |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- A | P. G. Govt. College, Sector - 46, Chandigarh | Mr. Mandeep Singh |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Girls College, Model Town, Ldh. | Ms. Simrat Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha | Mr. Ranjot Singh |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Women, Sector - 36, Chandigarh | Ms. Samriti Jain |
| Bhangra | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Ludhiana- A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | D. A. V. College, Sector - 10, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | R. S. D. College, Ferozepur |  |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | J. C. D. A. V. College, Dasuya |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Ludhiana- A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana | Mr. Sukhbir Singh |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | R. S. D. College, Ferozepur | Mr. Jaspal Singh |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | J. C. D. A. V. College, Dasuya | Mr. Manpreet Singh |
| Giddha | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | 2nd | Hoshiarpur- A | B. A. M. Khalsa College, Garhshankar |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- A | P. G. Govt. College, Sector - 46, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara | Ms. Rupinder Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Hoshiarpur- A | B. A. M. Khalsa College, Garhshankar | Ms. Bhimakashi |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | A. S. College, Khanna | Ms. Ivneet Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- A | P. G. Govt. College, Sector - 46, Chandigarh | Ms. Ramandeep Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana B | Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana | Ms. Noorpreet Kaur |
| Clay Modelling | 1st | Education-A | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana | Ms. Shahina |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | Govt. College of Arts, Sector-10, Chandigarh | Mr. Surinderpal Singh |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | Guru Gobing Singh College for Women, Sector- 26, Chandigarh | Ms. Chandani |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Mata Ganga Khalsa College for Girls, Kottan | Ms. Amandeep Kaur |
| Photography | 1st | Education- B | Malwa Central College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. |  |
| Collage Making | 1st | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Women, Sector- 36, Chandigarh | Ms. Japnit Arneja |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. | Ms. Tsering Youdol |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | Govt. College, Hoshiarpur | Mr. Sumit |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana | Ms. Jyoti Sehgal |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On the spot Painting | 1st | Chandigarh-A | Govt. College of Arts, Sector- 10, Chandigarh | Mr. Nakshdeep Singh |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | Govt. College of Arts, Sector-10, Chandigarh | Ms. Sanya Bhutani |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College for Women, Ldh. | Ms. Neeraj Sharma |
| Cartooning | 1st | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Girls College, Model Town, Ldh. | Ms. Harkirat Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Santosh Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | Khalsa College, Garhdiwala | Mr. Munish Behal |
| Still Life | 1st | Hoshiarpur- B | Govt. College, Hoshiarpur | Ms. Paramjeet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Education- B | Malwa College for Education, Ludhiana | Ms. Sukhpreet Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana | Ms. Navraj Kaur <br> Ms. Kamalpreet |
| Rangoli | 1st | Education- B | Malwa Central College of Education, Ludhiana | Ms. Kamalpreet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | D. M. College, Moga | Ms. Gurkirat Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Education- C | D. A. V. College of Education, Abohar | Ms. Ankita |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Arya College, Ludhiana | Ms. Aarti Kumar |
| Installation | 1st | Education- B | Malwa Central College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 2nd | Education- A | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | S. P. M. College, Mukerian |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. |  |
| Poster Making | 1st | Chandigarh- B | M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Wom en, Sector- 36, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana | Mahima Vinod Sahota |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | Govt. College, Hoshiarpur | Ms. Reeta Devi |
| Elocution | 1st | Education- A | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana | Ms. Saloni Sharma |
|  | 2nd | Education- C | D. A. V. College of Education, Abohar | Ms. Saroj Rani |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Sri Aurobondo College of Commerce and Management, Ludhiana | Mr. Kartik Mehendru |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana | Ms. Manpreet Kaur |
| Debate | 1st | Education- A | Govt. College of Education, Chandigarh | Ms. Dolphin |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. | Ms. Samridhi Nayyar |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | G. T. B. National College, Dakha | Mr. Brinderjeet Singh |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana | Ms. Harsimrat Chawla |
| Poem Recitation | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Mr. Nirmaljeet |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh | Ms. Saumya Joshi |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. | Ms. Kalyani Tehri |
| Muhavaredar <br> Vaartalap | 1st | Education- C | Dashmesh Girls College of Education, Badal |  |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Khalsa College for Women, Civil Lines, Ludhiana |  |


| 04th NOVEMBER, 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| One Act Play | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College For Women, Gujarkhan Campus, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Arya College, Ludhiana |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Arundhati |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Mr. Sukhjeet Singh |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Jaskirat Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College For Women, Gujarkhan Campus, Ludhiana | Ms. Akriti Makkar |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Arya College, Ludhiana |  |
| Histrionics | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Sukhdeep Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector-11, Chd. | Ms. Prabhjot Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | S. P. N. College, Mukerian | Mr. Rishav Mangal |
| Folk Instruments | 1st | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana | Ms. Tarandeep Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana | Mr. Vikas |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh | Mr. Gurpreet Singh |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- B | Guru Gobind Singh College for Women, Sector- 26, Chandigarh | Ms. Rakhi |
| Folk Orchestra | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- B | G. G. S. College for Women, Jhar Sahib |  |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur - A | Ba ba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Mr. Matti |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur - A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Mr. Gurpreet Singh |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana - A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha | Mr. Saleem Khan |
| Bagh | 1st | Ludhiana - B | M. T. S. College for Women, Ludhiana | Ms. Ranjeet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur - B | Khalsa College for Women, Sidhwan Khurd | Ms. Harbans Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Education - A | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana | Ms. Taranjeet Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh - A | G. G. D. S. D. College, Sector - 32, Chandigarh | Ms. Ram andeep Kaur |
| Phulkari | 1st | Chandigarh - B | National College for Women, Machhiwara | Ms. Manjit Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana - B | Mata Ganga Khalsa College for Girls, Kottan | Ms. Taranpreet Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Moga - Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Rajwinder Kaur |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dasuti / Machhi kanda / Makhi Тора | 1st | Chandigarh- B | Govt. College of Home Science, Sector- 10, Chd. |  |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | G. T. B. National College, Dakha |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana |  |
| Knitting | 1st | Hoshiarpur- A | D. A. V. College, Hoshiarpur | Ms. Niramjot Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | S. D. College for Women, Moga | Ms. Sukhvant Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Education- C | G. H. G. Harparkash College of Education for Women, Sidhwan Khurd, Ludhiana | Ms. Priyanka Choudhary |
| Crochet Work | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Amandeep Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | Khalsa College for Women, Ludhiana | Ms. Ramandeep Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Education- C | D. A. V. College of Education, Abohar | Ms. Kaushlya Devi |
| Pakhi Designing | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur-b | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Paramjeet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | S. G. G. S. College of Education, Beghpur, Kamlooh, Mukerian | Ms. Jasvir Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana | Ms. Meenakhshi |
| Mehandi <br> Designing \& Application | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Manpreet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | M. T. S. College for Women, Ludhiana | Ms. Amanjot |
|  | 3rd | Education- B | Partap College of Education, Ludhiana | Ms. Jyoti Sharma |
| Kavishri | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 2nd | Hoshiarpur- A | S. G. G. S. Khalsa College, Mahilpur |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj,Ludhiana |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Hoshiarpur- A | S. G. G. S. Khalsa College, Mahilpur | Ms. Sunmeet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh | Mr. Gurjinder Singh |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana | Ms. Mehak |
| Vaar singing | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Ludhiana- B | Mata Ganga Khalsa College for Girls, Kottan |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara |  |
|  | 2nd | Hoshiarpur- A | S. G. G. S. Khalsa College, Mahilpur |  |
|  | 3rd | Education- B | Partap College of Education, Ludhiana |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Ludhiana- B | Mata Ganga Khalsa College for Girls, Kottan | Ms. Sukhpreet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara | Ms. Hashwinder Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Education- B | Partap College of Education, Ludhiana | Mr. Shubham Sharma |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGE NAME | PARTICIPANT NAME |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Kali singing | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj,Ludhiana |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- A | Panjab University Campus, Chandigarh | Mr. Balwant Singh |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | National College for Women, Machhiwara | Ms. Hashwinder Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj,Ludhiana | Ms. Manmeet Kaur |

05th NOVEMBER, 2016

| Mime | Team |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | K. L. S. D. College, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh- A | G. G. D. S. D. College, Sector- 32, Chandigarh |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- A | G. G. D. S. D. College, Sector- 32, Chandigarh | Mr. Harish Singh |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | K. L. S. D. College, Ludhiana | Karan |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- A | M. B. B. G. G. G. Girls College, Rattewal | Ms. Harjeet Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Ms. Veerpal Kaur |
| Skit | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh-A | P. G. G. C. Sector - 11, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana-A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha |  |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Sant Baba Bhag Singh Girls College, Sukhanand |  |
|  | 3rd | Education-C | Dashmesh Girls College of Education, Badal |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Sant Baba Bhag Singh Girls College, Sukhanand | Ms. Gurpreet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha | Mr. Subhkaran Singh |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Mr. Manpreet Singh |
|  | 3rd | Education-A | D. A. V. College of Education, Ho shiarpur | Mr. Pankaj |
| Mimicry | 1st | Ludhiana- B | Guru Nanak Khalsa College for Women, Ldh. | Ms. Anupama Anand |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | Arya College, Ludhiana | Mr. Balram |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Sukhdeep Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | P. U. C. College, Patto Hira Singhwala | Mr. Jasbinder Singh |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGE NAME | PARTICIPANT NAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bhand | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Guru Nanak College, G. T. B. Garh Moga |  |
|  | 2nd | Hoshiarpur-B | G. K. S. M. Govt. College, Tanda Urmar |  |
|  | 3rd | Chandigarh A | G. G. D. S. D. College, Sector 32, Chandigarh |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Guru Nanak College, G. T. B. Garh Moga | Mr. Avtar Singh |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- A | Guru Nanak College, G. T. B. Garh Moga | Mr. Iqbal Singh |
|  | 3rd | EducationC | Babe Ke College of Education, Mudki | Mr. Pipal Singh |
| Folk Dance (Boys) | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Ludhiana- A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh-A | Govt. College of Art, Sector-10, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur-A | D. A. V. College, Hoshiarpur |  |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | S.P. N. College, Mukerian |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Hoshiarpur- B | S. P. N. College, Mukerian | Mr. Balkishan |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | R. S. D. College, Ferozepur | Mr. Jaspal Singh |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana | Mr. Gurmehar Singh |
| Folk Dance (Girls) | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- A | Guru Nanak National College, Doraha |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh- B | Guru Gobind Singh College for Women, Sector- 26, Chandigarh |  |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar |  |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Baba Kundan Singh College, Muhar | Ms. Veerpal Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Hoshiarpur- B | Govt. College, Hoshiarpur | Ms. Renu Bala Ms. Vandana |
|  | 2nd | Education- A | Govt. College of Yoga Education and Health, Chandigarh | Dhiman |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- B | Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana | Ms. Shelja |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Payal Kamboz |
| Ladies Traditional \& Ritualistic songs of Punjab | Team |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh-B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector-11, Chd. |  |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana-B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana |  |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur-B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City |  |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Guru Nanak College, Moga |  |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur-A | B. A. M. Khalsa College, Garhshankar |  |


| CATEGORY | POSITION | ZONE | COLLEGENAME | PARTICIPANTNAME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Individual |  |  |  |
|  | 1st | Chandigarh- B | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. | Ms. Amandeep <br> Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Ludhiana- B | Ramgarhia Girls College, Miller Ganj, Ludhiana | Ms. Gurpreet Kaur |
|  | 2nd | Moga-Ferozepur- B | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Ms. Amritpal Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Moga-Ferozepur-A | Guru Nanak College, Moga | Ms. Amandeep Kaur |
|  | 3rd | Ludhiana- A | S. C. D. Govt. College, Ludhiana | Ms. Shinto |
| Quiz | 1st | Moga-Ferozepur-A | G. H. G. Khalsa College, Gurusar Sudhar |  |
|  | 2nd | Chandigarh-A | P. G. Govt. College for Girls, Sector - 11, Chd. |  |
|  | 3rd | Hoshiarpur- B | Govt. College, Hoshiarpur |  |

## Overall Panjab University Vice Chancellor's Trophy- 2016-17 <br> Won By

Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City

Compiled by<br>Tejinder Singh<br>Assistant Director Youth Welfare



Dr. Mohinder Kaur Grewal, convener of 58th Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival, being honored by Dr. (Prof.) Neera Grover and Dr. Parvinder Singh, DCDC

## Recipients of Panjab University Roll of Honor- 2016-17

| Sr. No. | Name | College | Proficiency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Ms. Saloni Sharma | B. C. M. College of Education, Ludhiana | Debate |
| 2. | Ms. Dolphin | Govt. College of Education, Sec.20, Chandigarh | Debate |
| 3. | Ms. Kamalpreet Kaur | Malwa Central College of Education, Ludhiana | Rangoli |
| 4. | Ms. Mahima Sauhta | M. C. M. D. A. V. College for Women, Sector- 36, Chandigarh | Poster Making |
| 5. | Ms. Amritpreet Kaur | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 6. | Ms. Phullpreet Kaur | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 7. | Ms. Simerjeet Kaur | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 8. | Ms. Uttam Kataria | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 9. | Ms. Navneet Kaur | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 10. | Ms. Amanjit Kaur | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 11. | Ms. Shikha Rani | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 12. | Ms. Mehak | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 13. | Ms. Ankita | Dev Samaj College for Women, Ferozepur City | Folk and Tribal Dance |
| 14. | Ms. Anupama Anand | Guru Nanak Khalsa College for Women, Ldh. | Mimicry |

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I, Director Youth Welfare, Panjab University, Chandigarh hereby declare that particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature of the Publisher

[^2]

Panjab University Registrar, Col. G. S. Chadda with the winners during the $58{ }^{\text {th }}$ Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival at Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana


Folk Singer Harbhajan Mann and Writer Babu Singh Mann are being honoured during the $58{ }^{\text {th }}$ Panjab University Inter Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival at Govt. College for Girls, Ludhana


Panjab University Vice Chancellor Prof. Arun Kumar Grover, releasing the Souvenir of $58^{\text {th }}$ Panjab University Inter-Zonal Youth and Heritage Festival at Govt. College for Girls, Ludhiana


Panjab University Debate team (Ms. Dolphin Bakshi and Ms. Saloni Sharma) receiving the Governor's Trophy from Dr. R. D. Sharma, Vice Chancellor, University of Jammu, Jammu


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